THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"COME DOWN."

It we were ever up we have "come down," if the number of people that crowd our store is an evidence. They have picked up some rare bargains during the past week, and we have put out some extra values this week and we want you to

"Come Down."

In order to give our customers a chance to do some extra shopping we will keep our store

Open Every Night

UNTIL

9.30 O'clock

DURING THE HOLIDAYS.

DOLLS.

We have the prettiest line of Dolls ever seen in this city. Few merchants are so fortunate as to find a really pretty line of DOLLS, but chance has favored us and our Dolls have pretty features, and every type of perfect beauty is represented in the line. They are here from 25c to $15.00.

Oriental Wares.

Oat Meal Sets, Dutch Sugar Bowls, Fancy Cake Plates, Butter Plates, Cut Glass Vinegar Bottles, Japanese Cracker Jars, Tea Caddies, Rose Jars, Flower Vases, Tooth Pick Holders, Wedge wood Pitchers and other articles in endless variety.

Handkerchiefs.

We have always sold an immense number of Handkerchiefs during the holidays. We are prepared this season for larger sales. We have imported real Lace Handkerchiefs, also Embroidered, Linen and Silk in initial and plain, 5c to $3.50 each.

Chenille and Damask Table

Covers 75c to $5.00.

LINENS—Table Damask, Doylies, Napkins, Towels and

Stamped Linens.

Novelty Dress Goods,

Black Dress Goods.

Kid Gloves.

We call special attention to our line of KID GLOVES. We carry the very best makes and guarantee a perfect fit when fitted at our counters.

Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery.

Blankets, Comforts and Underwear.

Sale of Carpet Remnants.

The public cordially invited to visit our establishment during the evening.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

No. 29 North Front St.

dec 15 tf

STATEMENT OF THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of business, Dec. 13th, 1895.

Condensed Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$368,326 85
Overdrafts		210 81
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds		31,250 00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00
Redemption Fund		1,406 00
Due from Reserve Agent	$49,071 15	
Due from other Banks	97,486 29	
Cash on hand	50,081 69	196,639 23
Total		$797,818 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$125,000 00
Surplus	$31,950 00	
Undivided profits	17,087 01	49,037 01
Circulation		23,180 00
Total deposits		599,581 61
Total		$797,818 69

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
W. C. Coker, Jr.
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.,
G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

New York correspondents, Chemical National and Hanover National Banks. dec 22 tf

Unavoidably Postponed

Until Tuesday Next, 24th Inst., at 12 M.,

when we will sell by auction, at our sales rooms 120 Princess street,

24 Shares Capital Stock Wilmington Gas Co.
18 Shares Capital Stock Wilmington Navassa Guano Co.

CRONLY & MORRIS,
dec 22 2t Auctioneers.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 78. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,937

Port Almanac—December 22.

Sun Rises	7.08 A
Sun Sets	4.49 P
Day's Length	9 h 41 m
High Water at Southport	12.25 A M
High Water at Wilmington	2.12 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 22.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 68°; 8 p. m., 54°; maximum, 67°; minimum, 54°; mean 60°.

Rainfall for the day .13; rainfall for the month up to date, .73.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; westerly winds; cooler in eastern portion.

For South Carolina, fair; westerly winds; warmer by Sunday evening.

The barometer has risen at Rocky Mountain stations and in the Northwest, and from the Lake regions southward to the Gulf coast; it has fallen on the Atlantic coast, and generally throughout the Lake regions.

It is colder in the southern portion of the Lake regions, the Ohio Valley and the South Atlantic States; it is decidedly colder over the Dakotas and Montana. It is warmer from the lower Mississippi Valley westward to the Rocky Mountains.

The weather will be generally fair from New York southward to Florida, and from the Lake regions southward to the Gulf coast.

OUTLINES.

A resolution was introduced in the Senate directing the Secretary of the Treasury to coin the silver bullion in the Treasury into standard silver dollars and to pay the greenbacks in standard silver dollars or in gold; the President's financial message was denounced by Senators Stewart and Dubois. —— The Committee on Ways and Means will begin at once constructing a revenue bill that will furnish funds to meet the expenses of the Government; English imports will be hit hard in the proposed bill. ——At the close of business yesterday the gold reserve stood at $68,841,950. ——Leading bankers think the Administration made a mistake in the Venezuela matter. —— In the New York Stock market there was heavy selling for foreign account and a further decline in prices. —— The Armenians in possession of Zeitoun having refused to surrender, the place will be bombarded by the Turks; the Turks say that the Armenians in the district of Sivas are clad only in potato sacks and that many of them have died of starvation. —— A financial crisis is feared in London unless the political situation improves very shortly. —— A German newspaper makes a vicious attack upon President Cleveland's message. —— It is stated in Paris that Italy has offered to act as arbitrator of the difficulty between Great Britain and the United States. —— New York markets: Money on call closed offered at 6 per cent. after being quoted at 25@50 per cent; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8¼c; middling 8¼c; Southern flour dull and steady—common to fair extra $3.10@3.80; good to choice $2.90@3.00; wheat—spot dull and firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 67¾@68c; afloat 69¼@69½c; corn dull and firm—No. 2 at elevator 38¾c; afloat 34¾; spirits turpentine with Southern 28¾@29¼c; rosin quiet and steady.

Paderweski recently refused an offer of $3,000 made by a rich woman in Washington to perform at one of her swell layouts. He wasn't sure they could appreciate his style.

A "Professor" in Los Angeles, Cal., is making preparations to go under ground. He isn't going into winter quarters, but is going to be buried for thirty days to demonstrate that he can stay under ground that long and come out O. K.

There is an immense amount of heat wasted. Professor Langley estimates that if the heat of the sun which falls on a square yard of ground could be saved and utilized for a steam engine it would be equivalent to one horse-power.

The American Manufacturer figures out that the total output of pig iron for this country this year will be 9,387,639 gross tons, the largest on record, 1890 making the nearest approach with 9,202,703 tons. It says that unless England largely increases her output, this country will lead the world in the amount produced.

Li Hung Chang, of China, has written an American bishop, asking him to send more missionaries to China. It seems to us that if Li is really in earnest about this he could help the cause materially by tossing some of his little gods out into the garbage heap, embracing Christianity and doing some missionary work himself.

Nelson Driggs, one of the most noted and successful counterfeiters of the day, has just died in Dayton, Ohio. It is said he had made a million dollars by his business, but served several terms in the penitentiaries. When he retired from the Joliet, Ill., penitentiary, where he spent fifteen years, he retired to private life in Dayton and retired also from the counterfeiting business.

According to Senator Peffer, the average cost of a Senatorial funeral has for some years been something over $2,000, while the average cost of the Representative's funeral is $1,375. The gentleman of the "lower house" ought to kick against this discrimination.

According to the latest census o Brazil the population of that Republic is 18,000,000, occupying 3,170,000 square miles.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE MAYOR—Notice.
BEESWAX—Cash paid.
W B COOPER—Thanks.
JAS D NUTT—They say.
NOTICE—City ordinances.
S H FISHBLATE—Clothing.
SEACOAST ROAD—Schedule.
A D BROWN—"Come down."
CRONLY & MORRIS—Postponed.
OPERA HOUSE—The Stowaway.
MORRISON—Candies, chocolates.
THE SHERIFF—Last call for taxes.
KATZ & POLVOGT—Three weeks
WIL. Savings & Trust Co.—Present.
E K BRYAN—Commissioner's sale.
E K BRYAN—Commissioner's sale.
A DAVID & Co—Prices revolutionized
ATLANTIC NAT'L BANK—Statement.
J W MURCHISON—Agric'l implements
G R FRENCH & SON—Special bargains.
J L BOATWRIGHT CO—Fine groceries.
ALDERMAN HARDWARE CO.—It is strange.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

How to speculate.
WANTED—Carpenters.
REWARD—For bicycle.
J. F. WOOLVIN—Removal.
P H HAYDEN—Harness, buggies.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other locals see fourth page

— See fourth page for other new advertisement.

— Local forecast: Fair Sunday; colder; light variable winds.

— There were two interments the past week in Oakdale cemetery; none in Bellevue.

— The freight trains on the Seaboard Air Line will be suspended as usual on Christmas and New Year's days.

— A false alarm of fire was turned in about 2 o'clock this morning from box No. 51, corner of Seventh and Nun streets.

— There was 4.2 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Friday at 8 a. m.; a rise of about one inch in the previous 24 hours.

— The stranding of the ocean steamship *Spree* was a great inconvenience to the passengers; but passengers who go on a "spree" always take big risks.

— Both Houses of Congress having unanimously adopted the President's recommendation in his Venezuelan message, it looks to a "man up a tree" as if Grover might be pretty near right.

— Messrs. Geo. H. McFadden & Bro. cleared yesterday the British steamship *Ormsby* for Bremen, Ger., with cargo of 9,679 bales cotton, weighing 4,704,340 pounds, and valued at $411,645.75.

— Two very important city ordinances in regard to bicycles, obstructions to sidewalks, alleys, &c., are printed in the advertising department of the STAR to-day. Mayor Harriss says they will be rigidly enforced.

— The Robert Portner Brewing Company are having plans drawn for the erection of a brewery in Norfolk. In letting contracts they have very properly decided to give local builders and mechanics the preference.

— There was not a negative vote in either House of Congress on the President's proposition to appoint a Venezuelan commission. And the President is allowed to make the appointments himself, too. "United we stand."

— The extension of the tracks of the Wilmington Street Railway Company was completed last evening and cars ran a trial trip over the new line, which proved very satisfactory. They will begin the regular schedule this morning around the circle.

— In consequence of the sickness of Rev. L. L. Etheridge, who was to fill the pulpit of Grace M. E. Church today, Mr. Robert L. Truesdell, of Wofford College, S. C., will conduct services there this morning at 11 o'clock. There will be no service at night.

Steamer E. A. Hawes.

The new steamboat *E. A. Hawes*, built for the Cape Fear and People's Steamboat Company to run on Black river, made a trial trip around the harbor yesterday to test the machinery. Capt. Herbert Ward, who will command the boat, says that everything worked satisfactorily. The boat will probably be inspected this week and commence her schedule about the first of January, next.

We see that C. E. Gordon, corner Front and Market streets, received 100 dozen white embroidered ladies' handkerchiefs by express yesterday, which he is selling at a sacrifice; bought for Christmas trade only; must be sold before Christmas. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. M. H. Folky is in the city, at The Purcell.

— Conductor E. L. Hart, of Norfolk, is in the city.

— Capt. Jno. Cotton arrived last night from Rocky Mount.

— Miss Fannie Pritchard, of Charlotte is here visiting friends.

— Mr. E. R. Hicks returned yesterday from a Southern tour.

— Miss Daisy Haines, of Winston, is visiting Miss Mary Lil. McKoy.

— Mr. Jno. Hall, of Charlottesville, Va., returned home yesterday.

— Mr. R. S. Collins came to the city yesterday from Jacksonville, N. C.

— C. G. Talbird, of Macon, Ga., was a guest of The Purcell yesterday.

— Miss Julia Herring, of Clinton, is in the city, registered at The Purcell.

— Miss May O'Connor has returned from school at Washington, D. C.

— Miss Lucy Reid, of Rocky Mount, is visiting Miss Marie Peschau.

— Messrs. L. J. P. Cutlar and Ed. J. Wood have returned from Chapel Hill.

— Miss Eva Anderson, of Wilson, is in the city, visiting Miss Lizzie Alderman.

— Soliciting Agent H. R. Culley, of the A. C. L., of Tarboro, is in the city.

— Mr. Preston Cumming, Jr., returned from school yesterday to visit relatives.

— Messrs. Harry Latham and Dawson Latham returned from Oak Ridge Institute yesterday.

— Mrs. W. J. Hall and children left yesterday for Concord, N. C., to spend a week with relatives.

— Mrs. Frank D. Alexander, of Charlotte, is in the city, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Brown.

— Miss Eliza Wiell, of Philadelphia, is in the city on a visit to her father, Mr. A. Wiell, of the A. C. L.

— Miss Louise McMillan has returned home to spend Christmas with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. McMillan.

— Miss Ella Bishop, who has been visiting Mrs. W. A. Farris in this city, returned to her home in Raleigh yesterday.

— Lieut. J. E. Reinberg, formerly of this city but now stationed at Milwaukee, has returned to spend Christmas.

— Miss May Latimer and Mr. Harry Latimer, who have been attending school in Pennsylvania, have returned home.

— Miss Estelle Brodie, of Wilson, and the Misses Busbee, of Raleigh, are in the city, guests of Misses Julia and Rhea Daggett.

— Mr. Frank L. Word, of the A. C. L. Traffic Department, will leave tomorrow to spend Christmas with his family in Richmond, Va.

— Messrs. J. M. Smith, Elkton; George E. Souger, Jacksonville; S. F. Craig, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Misses Lucille Murchison and Annie Kidder returned yesterday from St. Mary's College, of Raleigh, to spend Christmas with their families.

— Misses Susie Parsley, Lydia Yates, Sue Hall, Annie Hankins and Mary L. McKoy have returned from Greensboro Female College for the Christmas holidays.

— Mr. Fred Harper and bride have returned and will make their home with his father, Capt. J. T. Harper, at No. 1 Church street. They were accompanied by Dr. Chas. T. Harper and bride, of Baltimore, who will return after the holidays. Miss Lillie Harper, who was in attendance at both weddings, came with them.

— The arrivals at The Orton yesterday were Messrs. Temple Harriss, Lynchburg; W H French, Rocky Point; A Ewing, New York; Henry R Chears, New York; E A O'Rourke, Philadelphia; W E White, Mebane; R S Kirkland, Lake Waccamaw; Sam W Baldwin, Trinity College; J P Mebane, North Carolina; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; Miss Mary W Cameron, Mount Airy; C L Banner, Mount Airy.

Funeral of the Late O. G. Paraley.

The funeral of the late Mr. O. G. Paraley took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock from St. John's Episcopal Church, Dr. James Carmichael, the rector, conducting the services. There was a large congregation of sorrowing relatives and friends present. The remains were interred in Oakdale Cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Thomas B. Lippitt, W. R. French, J. A. Walker, Morrison Divine, John McLaurin, Sam'l Northrop, Wilkes Morris and Walker Meares.

L'Agile Cotillion Club.

L'Agile Cotillion Club will give a series of germans this season on the fourth Wednesday of each month and cards to this effect have been issued.

The governing committee consists of Messrs. E. Keith Calder, president; John C. James, vice-president; C. Du Val French, secretary and treasurer; Warren S. Johnson, leader, and Swift M. Boatwright, John Van B. Metts, Thos. W. Davis and Jas. T. Munds.

Aunt S. A. L. Withdraws.

Old Aunt S. A. L., under the direction of the pugnacious St. John, is a "daisy." She has given the sixty days notice required for withdrawal from the Southern States Freight Association. It is said on apparently good authority, and it is further said she has given some cogent and very forcible reasons for her action.

Burke's is the cheapest place in the city for jewelry for Christmas presents. †

BOLD ROBBERY.

The Express Agent at Roseboro, N. C., Held Up by Masked Men and Robbed of a Package Containing $950.00.

The little hamlet of Roseboro, on the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, about seventy miles from Wilmington, in Cumberland county, was the scene of a bold robbery early yesterday morning.

Friday afternoon, the agent of the Durham Fertilizer Company placed in the hands of Mr. S. W. Greer, local agent of the Southern Express Company, $950 in money to be sent to Durham. The agent left the place on the afternoon train.

Mr. Greer took the money to his house and placed it in his safe.

About 1 o'clock yesterday morning Greer and his wife, who had retired for the night, were awakened by some one knocking at the door. Greer asked who it was. Somebody on the outside responded: "I want you to send a telegram for me." Greer told the speaker to put the telegram under the door and he would send it, whereupon the door was broken in and one masked man entered, while another stood at the door. The man covered Greer with a revolver and told him to open his safe. Mr. Greer was forced to accede to the robber's demand and opened the safe, when the package containing $950—all the money in the safe—was taken by the man. The robbers then departed.

Mr. Green says that one of the robbers was a stout, thick-set man and the other—the man who entered the house—was tall and slender. He says also that he fired twice at the men as they left his premises. Mr. J. J. Crosswell, route agent of the Southern Express Company, was telegraphed to in regard to the robbery. He immediately went down to Roseboro from Fayetteville to investigate. Mr. Crosswell arrived in Wilmington last night. A STAR reporter saw him and Mr. W. J. Crosswell, superintendent of the company, and was told that nothing definite had been discovered, but they hoped to have some clue to the robbers in a day or two.

WARRANTS ISSUED

For the Arrest of Chief of Police Melton and Police Sergeant Sheehan for Unlawful Seizure and Imprisonment of Mr. Rob. Daniels.

Warrants were issued yesterday by Justice of the Peace R. H. Bunting, for the arrest of Chief of Police J. R. Melton and Police Sergeant Wm. Sheehan, sworn out by Mr. Rob. Daniels who was arrested Thursday night and imprisoned, as told in yesterday's STAR. The Chief of Police is charged in the warrant with falsely and unlawfully imprisoning Robert Daniels in the common guard house of this city without a warrant or authority of law, and Sergeant Sheehan is charged in the warrant against him with assault and battery and false arrest. They were both put under arrest and recognized to appear for trial to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Although Mr. Daniels is the wrong man and has been released, the two following telegrams were received yesterday by the city authorities:

MULLINS, S. C., December 21.

Hold Daniels. Requisition by Governor forwarded.

W. T. EVANS, Sheriff.

COLUMBIA, S. C., December 21.

Hold Bob Daniels until requisition papers arrive.

JOHN GARY EVANS, Governor.

"THE STOWAWAY"

Christmas Night and Special Christmas Matinee at 2.45 P. M.

Tom Craven's famous London play, "The Stowaway," which will be seen here Christmas, is one of the most successful melodramas ever given in this country. It has remained secure in popular esteem for half a dozen years, and still shows no signs of waning popularity. Its success may be attributed solely to its unquestionable merit and to the excellent manner in which it has always been played and mounted. It belongs to the good old melodramatic school, and its stirring scenes and thrilling situations, all of which are worked up to exciting climaxes by the skillful hand of a practical playwright, never fail to evoke the wildest applause. The real burglars, Spike Hennessey and Kid McCoy, are interesting members of the company, which includes well known actors and actresses. Admission at night, 25, 50, 75c and $1.00; matinee, 25 and 50 cents.

Publishing the Ordinances.

The city authorities of Wilmington have just waked up to the importance of publishing ordinances before an attempt is made to enforce them. It is nothing more than fair that the people should know what the laws are that they are expected to obey. In Savannah and Charleston all new ordinances are advertised in one or more newspapers. This being done, there is no excuse for those who violate them.

Foot Ball.

"Onward to Charlotte" is the word with the foot ball boys, who are now practicing nightly for their Christmas game. The practice last night was satisfactory to the management of the team, and Charlotte has got to play to win. The boys have the last practice to-morrow night, preparatory to the trip. They will leave here via the S. A. L. at 3.30 Tuesday.

L'Arioso German Club.

The Governing Committee of L'Arioso German Club are sending out invitations to their series of Germans for the season 1895-'96. The following gentlemen constitute the Committee: W. Harriss Northrop, Jr., President; Donald MacRae, Vice President; Wm. Mayo Atkinson, Secretary and Treasurer; W. G. Whitehead, J. N. Huske, F. H. Stedman, R. C. DeRosset. Leader—Harry W. McIlhenny.

For Christmas presents go to Burke's jewelry store, South Front next to Market street. †

CUMNOCK MINE HORROR.

A TOTAL OF THIRTY-NINE PERSONS KILLED.

All the Bodies Recovered—Dynamite Did Not Cause the Explosion—New York Giants May Play Ball in Raleigh—State Fair—Marshal Carroll's Return from Washington.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., December 21.

Gov. Carr is expected to return to the city to day.

Mr. H. H. Brinley, taxidermist and curator of the State Treasurer, will be married on December 31st, to Miss Edith Jane Taylor.

United States Marshal Allison of the Western district is on his way to New York with thirty prisoners. He was met in Washington by a detachment of police.

The State Fair is very near on its financial feet again. Secretary Nichols to-day made the last payment on premiums and award expenses of the last Fair. There are one or two small payments of premiums due, but the parties have never called for them and there is no way of locating them. Citizens who pledged subscriptions still owe about $900.

The joint Legislative committee appointed to examine the Treasury books has completed its work in the Treasurer's office. They are now with the Auditor. All work will be completed this afternoon and the committee will adjourn for a year.

At Rev. Tuttle's "pounding" the other evening, his congregation, which numbers 335 persons, presented their pastor with 375 pounds of gifts. This in itself shows well the appreciation of his flock for their pastor's labors.

The New York Giants are coming. That is if they can get a team to play against and a park.

Manager Irwin wrote a letter to the manager of the Raleigh base ball team, which was duly received here a few days ago. The New York team desires to be in Raleigh at least one week. If there was a suitable park in the city, there would be no doubt about the team coming.

Plans are being carried on in a quiet manner, which will likely develop in something tangible and of great interest to Raleigh.

Mashal O. J. Carroll returned from Washington last night, where he has been for several days on official business. Mr. Carroll says Venezuela is the sole topic of conversation and that everybody, Populist and Republican included, are loudly praising the President. "Why, bless my soul, bud," he said, "I heard a Republican say that he believed Cleveland would be chosen President unanimously next time."

Mr. Carroll says some Washington people really believe that there will be war.

H. E. Fink and Ed Swergart, two of the miners who escaped from the explosion, passed here to-day with the bodies of John Covery and Frank McKay, to their old home in Rainey, Pa. Two more bodies have been found, making a total of 39 killed. All are accounted for and this is probably the complete death-roll. The injured are doing well.

Swergart and Fink say they will quit the mining business. Swergart says the explanation of the cause of the disaster was made certain yesterday by the finding of the dynamite which the officials said caused the explosion. He says fire-damp did the work. Swergart says had the dynamite exploded not a man would have escaped and the mine would have been wrecked. The work of rescue has ceased, all bodies having been rescued. The dead will be buried to-day.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity.

Hanover Council, No. 35, United States Benevolent Fraternity, for the year 1896, have elected the following officers, viz:

President—Dr. S. Mendelsohn.
Vice President—Jas. F. Post, Jr.
Councillor—B. J. Jacobs.
Secretary—Thos. R. Post.
Financial Secretary—D. H. Walsh.
Treasurer—Nathaniel Jacobi.
Guide—Wm. Haar.
Chaplain—H. Burkheimer.
Warden—Geo. H. James.
Sentry—John Baker.
P. P.—L. Tate Bowden.
Medical Examiner—Dr. W. H. Bullock.

This council and order have distributed nearly $55,000 in this community in the past thirteen years.

The Article on Wilmington.

Mr. Thos. D. Meares, General Agent Seaboard Air Line, has received 3,000 copies of the last issue of the "Salmagundi," S. A. L.'s monthly immigration paper, which contains the article on Wilmington and its vicinity, prepared under direction of the Board of Aldermen. Mr. Meares is anxious to have the merchants and others interested assist him in the distribution of these papers throughout the country and if everybody will help, Wilmington will get the benefit of a just but needed advertisement.

Gee Zee Fighting for Reed.

Our neighbor-in-law Gee Zee is now making desperate efforts to Reed his title clear" to something bigger and nicer than the position of Deputy Sheriff. He is for the "man from Maine" because that is his main chance, and he is from Maine himself. Gee Zee in the East and Tom Settle in the West are waving aloft the banner of the Czar, and they do not think they are leaning on a broken Reed, either.

Firecrackers During the Holidays.

Mayor Harriss gives official notification that the ordinance prohibiting the firing of Canton crackers and other fireworks will be suspended from Tuesday, the 24th day of December, to Wednesday, the 1st day of January, 1896, inclusive, except in that part of the city west of Front street. The discharge of firearms in any part of the city is strictly forbidden.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Before purchasing jewelry for presents get Burke's prices, South Front next to Market street. †

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

What a Greensboro Fireman Thinks of the Wilmington Department.

Mr. Fuller L. Reid, of the *Volunteer Fireman*, writes as follows in his paper of the Wilmington department:

"It was the junior editor's pleasure last week to visit Chief Marlo Newman and his excellent fire department. Wilmington is the largest city in North Carolina and has the largest fire department. It includes three engines, four reels and three hook and ladder trucks.

"Each of the reels have recently been equipped with two new shut-off nozzles.

"The Cape Fear Company is now using its new horses and they are beauties. Chief Newman informs us that $1,200 and the building now in use by that company has been appropriated for the purpose of erecting a new hall and engine room.

"The Howard Relief Co. and the Wilmington Steam Fire Engine Co. each have a nice hall over their engine rooms. Both halls are nicely furnished with appropriate decorations. All the leading periodicals devoted to the interests of the firemen are found upon their tables and are free to all firemen. We understand that all the members enjoy this privilege and use it to an advantage. The *Volunteer Fireman* is there to greet them, and we were pleased to learn that it meets with a hearty welcome.

"Chief Newman is a good, whole-souled man. He is now serving the eighth term as Chief, and all the men, as well as the public in general, are very fond of him and always speak of him in highest terms.

PROPOSED STATE LEAGUE.

Charlotte Cranks Think Well of It and State That Charlotte Will Be in the Game.

Charlotte *Observer*: From Raleigh comes the news that an effort will be made to organize a State league for next season. A meeting is to be held in that city to-day for the purpose of organizing the Raleigh Baseball Association, and the result of that meeting will be watched with great interest by the lovers of the national game in Charlotte, and it is safe to predict that should the league materialize the Queen City will be found in its ranks.

A gentleman well posted on the game said yesterday: There are several good ball towns in the State, and Charlotte, Wilmington, Raleigh, Winston, and Danville, Va. can be numbered among the best, and with one other good town a six club circuit can be formed, which, with a small salary limit and good management, should pull through the season.

Many of the cities have had no teams for several seasons and there is no doubt in the world that the people are baseball hungry and will support the teams of their respective cities.

The above seems to be the general opinion of the baseball enthusiasts of the city and all they need is some one to take the initiatory step.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

The Monroe Doctrine—Here It Is in a Nutshell.

In order that the readers of the STAR may know exactly what the Monroe doctrine is, we give below an extract from Mr. Monroe's message to Congress in December, 1823:

We owe, therefore, it to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and the allied powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered, and shall not interfere, but with the Governments who have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have on great consideration and just principles acknowledged, we could not view an interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as a manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States.

JAMES MONROE.

THE MAN WANTED.

It Was R. L. Daniel, of South Carolina, Not "Bob" Daniels, of Wilmington.

In connection with the arrest of Mr. Robert Daniels here, Friday, full particulars of which were given in the STAR of yesterday, the following special from Marion, S. C., to the Columbia *State* will be read with interest:

MARION, Dec. 17.—A little shooting affair occurred at Mullins a few days ago, which at the time, was thought hardly worthy of note, but in the light of developments now presents a more serious aspect. Dr. John J. Bethea, an old and extensively known citizen, received two wounds from a pistol in the hands of Mr. R. L. Daniel, his son-in-law. Mr. Daniel was arrested and placed under bond, but to-day, upon information that the wounded man was considered in a critical condition the sheriff dispatched a deputy to have Mr. Daniel re-arrested.

Putting Up the Money.

It looks like a fight now between Fitzsimmons and Maher. A New York telegram of the 20th says:

Joe Vendig to-day deposited with Richard K. Fox a check for $1,000 which he had received from Dan. A. Stuart as a guarantee that Fitzsimmons would meet Peter Maher at El Paso, Mexico, February 14.

John J. Quinn, manager for Maher, sends word that he will arrive in this city next Thursday morning with $1,000 to post for Maher. Many bets are being made on the fight at the uptown hotels. Maher is a slight favorite.

MARRIED.

DAVIS—GILES—At St. James' Church, in this city, Tuesday, December 17th, 1895, by the Rev. Robt Strange, D. D., Nicholas Nixon Davis and Miss Mary Dickinson Giles, daughter of Norwood Giles, all of Wilmington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seacoast Railroad.

THE WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R. will run the following Schedule on Christmas, December 25th, 1895:

Leave Wilmington—5.30 a. m.; 10.00 a. m.; 3.30 p. m., and 6.00 p. m.

Leave Ocean View—7.30 a. m.; 11.10 a. m., and 6.00 p. m. dec 22 1t

At Morrison's

YOU FIND FRESH CANDIES, FRESH NUTS, FRESH FRUITS.

THE SWEETEST and PRETTIEST STORE in the City. dec 22 1t

Last Call For Taxes.

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES MUST BE paid to me Saturday, 28th inst., to save advertising and costs.

E. HEWLETT,
dec 22 1t Sheriff.

THREE WEEKS

LEFT FOR BRISK BUSINESS.

We have to crowd on steam during these three weeks; trade must move at a livelier pace. Goods must go and dollars must come even if prices are clipped to a point where profit vanishes. The Cloaks, the Dress Goods, the Silks, the Underwear, all share in the liberal reduction made to win you to the store now.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

Cash House

No. 9 North Front St.

Very Interesting News

From the Cloak Room.

You have seen and admired the season's Jaunty Coats, in the tempting rough and smooth fabrics. Perhaps you have thought that it takes a goodly amount of cash to own one of those fetching garments. Wrong! Several hundred garments in just the cut and cloth that are most fashionable are here for you to choose from, at $10, $12, $15, $18 and $20 Also higher-priced ones if you are ready to pay more.

Dress Goods and Silks.

The general theory is that December is a slow month for Dress Goods and Silks on account of the attention Christmas purchasing is given by the public to fancy articles. We find that this is a fallacy. Our December business in DRESS GOODS and SILKS is larger than any other month. Why?

FIRST—

Because the public are learning to spend their money for sensible presents.

SECOND—

From the fact of the great reductions made during this month, $20,000 in Dress Goods alone having suffered a cut of $5,000 commencing this week. The displays embrace all the new conceits of fashion.

Carpets, Rugs, Shades

—AND—

Lace Curtains.

The most complete line the State.

100 Kotio Rugs worth $1, for 49c.

75 Smyrna Rugs worth 90c, for 59c.

100 Moquette $1.50 Rugs for 98c.

Attention paid to special Shade Measurement, and careful Carpet Fitting. All work guaranteed.

Katz & Polvogt,

No 9 North Front St.,

dec 15 tf

What Better Christmas Present

for your Boy or Girl than a deposit in

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co,

It will bear Interest (compounded quarterly) at rate of 4 per cent per annum, and will help them acquire a habit which will be valuable throughout their entire lives.

THE SAVINGS AND TRUST CO. has no secrets and invites investigation.

Capital, $25,000. Surplus, $5,000.

J. W. NORWOOD, H. WALTERS, O. SLOAN, President. Vice President. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

H. Walters, D. O'Connor,
J. S. Worth, Don. MacRae,
W. A. Riach, H. L. Vollers,
G. R. French, J. W. Atkinson,
B. F. Hall, J. W. Norwood,
dec 22 tf

OPERA HOUSE,

Christmas Night and Special Christmas Matinee at 2.45 P. M.

The season's big sensation,

THE STOWAWAY,

With the famous New York Cast. Two car loads of Scenery. Amazing mechanical effects.

Night prices 25, 50, 75c and $1.

Matinee prices 25 and 50 cents.

Box sheet open at Yates' on Tuesday morning. dec 22 2t

PUBLISHERS AND ROUTE CEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily issued in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 00; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year. 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate $6 00 will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 22, 1895

A WALL STREET FLURRY.

There was a slump in the stock market Friday as one of the results of the President's message on the Venezuelan question and its endorsement by Congress and the people. English handlers have, apparently in anticipation of possible hostilities between the United States and Great Britain, begun to be shy of American stocks. But there is nothing surprising nor very serious in this, for it might have been expected. It may possibly be and probably is a part of the bluff game to check the war spirit in this country.

Of course if there was an actual rupture between the two countries that would put an end to English investments on this side of the water or in American securities, and a prospective rupture, even though the chances be largely against it, would have a tendency to check such investments, therefore there is nothing surprising in the action of the stock manipulators on the other side. There has also been a decline in the price of cotton, and the probabilities are that the wheat market will be similarly affected. But this was all to be expected as a bluff if nothing more at the present stage of proceedings. If they were right sure on the other side that war is inevitable, and had some definite idea when the bugle would be sounded, both cotton and wheat would go up, as they would want to put in a supply of both while the gates were open and their merchantmen could ride the seas without danger. In the meantime they are playing their little bluff with a hope of creating a reaction among the people who, they think, have spurred the President and Congress up to their present assertive and, as the English pretend to believe, aggressive position.

The English newspapers, the English statesmen and perhaps the English stock dealers seem to be under the impression that politics is at the bottom of the present assertive action on the Venezuelan dispute, and they may think the best way to offset that and bring about a reaction is to tap our market and touch us in the sensitive pocket. The Englishman doesn't lack shrewdness if it does sometimes take him a good while to see through things. When he does see through them, however, he does it with both eyes and then takes in the situation as best he can in a matter of fact way.

But assuming, as might be expected, that the positive stand taken by the President would have a depressing effect on American securities and exports and assuming that the market manipulators on the other side are in dead earnest and not playing a bluff game, and that the English market may be temporarily closed against us would this be an unmitigated calamity, and might we not in the long run be immense gainers by it? And does not the possibility of such a thing happening at any time present us an object lesson by which we should profit? Should we be dependent upon the money lenders or stock manipulators of one country for the money we borrow, or upon the markets of one country for the sale of the things we have to sell, especially when that country is our keenest and most alert commercial rival? Two wars such as the clash over Venezuela might be, would be a picnic compared with what our financial and commercial thraldom to England for the past thirty years has cost us. If a war would result in breaking that thraldom, in inspiring us with a higher opinion of our own possibilities and a more thorough reliance upon ourselves it would be a Godsend and the greatest blessing to this country since the immortal Declaration of Independence, when the brave men of 1776 proclaimed our political independence. Then, as now, there were some who feared the effect of that declaration on their pockets, but the brave spurned those fears and bearded the lion when they were not a tenth part as able to do it as we are now.

Are we to truckle to England or hesitate to take a bold and manly stand in affirmation of an American principle lest it affect the sale of our stocks, or of our exportable products? This might put us to great inconvenience, it is true, and it might cost us something, but nothing in comparison with what we must eventually lose if this financial and commercial thraldom are to be perpetuated, and we are to continue to follow in the wake of England. Mr. Cleveland covered the case when, contemplating the possibility of war, he declared that no calamity could be greater than a supine submission to wrong.

Whatever the outcome of the present entanglement may be, whether it be an honorable settlement by just and satisfactory adjudication of differences or a settlement by the arbitrament of arms, it is giving us an object lesson which, if we be wise, we will not fail to profit by. We have, foolishly in our opinion, adopted the British gold standard and shaped our financial system at the dictation of English financiers. This has made us financially dependent upon the money changers of London. Controlling our finances they have controlled our commerce and our enterprises, so that if we want to build a railroad or dig a canal or perform any other work that requires much money, we have to send our bonds to England and put them upon that market, and we must pay them annually millions of dollars in *gold*. They buy our wheat, meat and cotton because they can't help it, but they fix the prices because we can't help it, having adopted their gold schedule. When we come back to our old financial methods and find other markets in which we can trade on more equal terms, we may dictate to England instead of England dictating to us. If war will hasten this then war will be an inestimable blessing.

MINOR MENTION.

The President's message sent to Congress Friday seems to have been inspired by two things; first to allay apprehensions of disaster that may have been or might be caused by the flurry in the stock markets, and secondly to check any contemplated movement for the increase of the currency by the coinage of silver or by the issuing of more Treasury notes. The action of the English holders of American securities in thus suddenly and without any warning dumping them on the New York market, and the joint action of the Canadian banks in calling in their loans, was doubtless a mere bluff, for English capitalists are very far from believing at this time that there will be war. But if they do believe it and are taking this bulldozing method of scaring the business men of this country and creating a reaction, they could very soon be brought to their senses by a return to the financial system that prevailed prior to 1873, and a declaration by Congress that the obligations of this Government will be paid in *coin*. This would be no breach of faith but simply a reaffirmation of the specie resumption act and of the practically unanimous declaration of Congress when it adopted the Stanley Matthews resolution declaring it to be no breach of faith to redeem the obligations of this Government in silver. This is not what the President advises, it is the very reverse, but it would bring to their knitting the gentlemen on the other side of the water who have for twenty-two years been drawing from us hundreds of millions of dollars in gold. They would then discover that this bluff instrument is a two-edged thing that may cut both ways.

* *

The resolution offered Friday by senator Allen, Populist, and adopted, providing that the Finance Committee of the Senate be instructed to inquire and report by bill or otherwise whether it would not be expedient and proper for the Government of the United States at this time to open its mints to the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 and in addition thereto issue an adequate volume of full legal tender Treasury notes in the same manner such notes have heretofore been issued, etc., may not amount to much, but it at least indicates that the Senate of the United States is not in a frame of mind to sit down so hard on silver that they will not give it a hearing. He made a mistake when he went so far as to suggest the stoppage of the issues of national banks and retiring all bank currency. If the committee were disposed to consider the resolution favorably, this clause would array against it the banking interests of the country. If war should come we must rely upon our own resources for money, as we have done in emergencies heretofore, and the coinage of silver would become a necessity, for there could be no decent excuse for issuing Treasury notes and ignoring silver, of which we could command a volume adequate to all demands. We are not sanguine of any practical results from the passage of this resolution, but it may open the question under conditions more favorable to silver than have heretofore prevailed.

* *

The Senate sat down on John Sherman hard Friday when it refused to refer the House bill appropriating $100,000 to defray the expenses of the Venezuelan Commission to the Committee on Foreign Relations, as urged by him, and passed it without a negative vote, and again when with an almost unanimous vote—all but three—it refused to accept his amendment limiting the Venezuelan Commission to three and requiring their appointment to be by and with the advice of the Senate. His motive in making both of these movements doubtless was to tie in as far as he could the hands of the President, with the hope, perhaps, of ultimately defeating the appointment of a Commission, if a second thought might bring a reaction after the first flurry was over. Sherman has been so long pulling in the traces with the English financiers, that he doesn't want to break with them if he can help it, and hence he is rather disposed, in as far as he deems it prudent, to play the part of England's friend in this business. This would be in entire keeping with John Sherman's foxy record, for there is no man in public life to-day who can hold a light to him for being on both sides of nearly all public questions.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The state of the copper market shows what estimate merchants are putting on the demonstrative war talk. If there was any prospect of a demand for cartridges, copper would bound up sharply, but its price is not in the least affected by the extraordinary doings at Washington. Neither have we found anybody wanting to buy gold on speculation in anticipation of the suspension of specie payments.—*New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, Neut.*

—Congressman Tracey, of Missouri, has proposed the pensioning of every union soldier who served as much as ninety days during the late war. It might save time and trouble to provide a scheme for pensioning everybody who ever went into the late war on the Federal side, or who ever expressed before witnesses his "good mind" to go into the army. That would bring the pension business right down to hard pan.—*Savannah News Dem.*

—If the Monroe doctrine is to be abandoned, then the entire continent of South America and Mexico will be placed at the mercy of the European Powers that are now rending Africa to pieces, and have been for years preying upon the continent of Asia. It is now to be determined whether there shall be any definite American policy, or whether this hemisphere is to be abandoned to be plundered and preyed upon by the great robber nations of the earth.—*New Orleans Picayune, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Newton *Enterprise*: Mr. M. M. Cline exhibited on the streets last Saturday the most wonderful piece of horse flesh we ever saw. It is a six months old colt that weighs 748 pounds.

—Chatham *Record*: One of the oldest persons in this county is Mrs. Nancy Sissin, of Matthews township, who is in her 94th year, and is remarkably well preserved, both in mind and body. She is very industrious and does not like to be idle, and in her extreme old age has nicely embroidered a large number of counterpanes.

—Morganton *Herald*: Dogs made a raid on the sheep in a portion of Upper Creek township last Saturday night and killed about 60 head belonging to Messrs. Francis Kincaid, T. C. McGimpsey and John McFalls. —Haywood Poteet, the sweet singer of Flippersville, is only 45 years of age and was married at the early age of seventeen. His wife is of the same age. They have had 19 children to bless their hearth—twins coming three times. All this in 28 years, the first birth not occurring till two years after marriage.

—Concord *Times*: On Wednesday of last week Mr. C. E. Whitley, of Big Lick in Stanly county, passed by the place of Mr. W. V. Krumminger near Concord on his way here and saw some turnips on the side of the road. He says he picked up and ate two or three them, not thinking that any one would consider it a theft. Krimminger came on to town and swore out a warrant before Esquire Pitts for Whitley's arrest. Whitley was given a hearing and bound over to court. Mr. Whitley is a good citizen and a brother of Dr. D. P. Whitley, of Millingsport.

—Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: We are pained to announce the death of Miss Nida Marshall, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Marshall, of this place. After an illness of two weeks, which was unusually violent from the beginning, her gentle spirit took its flight from earth to heaven at 9.30 o'clock last Thursday night. —Miss Penelope Dean, of Wadesboro township, died at the Morganton Asylum on the 13th inst. Miss Dean was about 65 years old, and had been an inmate of the asylum for twelve years. —Mr. S. H. Gaddy, of Cedar Hill, stands ahead this season so far as big porkers are concerned. He killed his big hog a few days ago, and it netted him just 522 pounds of meat.

TWINKLINGS.

—Bystander—Doctor, what do you think of this man's injuries?

Doctor—Humph! Two of them are undoubtedly fatal, but as for the rest of them, time alone can tell.—*Texas Siftings.*

—Wonder that some medical specialist does not give his attention exclusively to the diseases of pillows, which are so often "weary" and "sleepless."—*Boston Transcript.*

—Impartial—Brown—"Big failure of Smith's wasn't it? Any preferences?"

Jones—"None whatever. Borrowed wherever he could."—*Brooklyn Life.*

—"Do you believe a married man lives longer than a single one?"

"Well, I don't know," replied Mr. Newed, "I lived longer before I was married than I have since."—*West Medford Windmill.*

—Ethel—Mamma, I wish you'd go to the other end of the store a minute. I don't want you to see that instand that I'm going to buy you before Christmas.—*Harper's Bazar.*

—Old Goldrox—My daughter has very expensive tastes.

Cholly Impecune—I hadn't noticed that. May I ask wherein?

Old Goldrox—Well, look at the kind of men she falls in love with.—*Puck.*

—At the Metropolitan Museum. Underhill (a crusty old bachelor)—There, that's Minerva, the Goddess of Wisdom. She never got married.

Artful Widow—No; but this is King Solomon, the wisest man that ever lived. He married a thousand times.—*Truth.*

HOW MUCH IS HE WORTH?

GEORGE HUNTINGTON.

How much is he worth? Let them tell who can,
Not the sum of his gold, but the worth of the man,
To the world of living men.
For the worth is not the things possessed,
'Tis the wealth of the mind, 'tis the heart in the breast.
'Tis the goodness that blesses and is blest.
A millionaire! What then?

How much is he worth? Let them tell us who can.
There's less in the purse, but there's more in the man
To count in the world of men.
For he holds the most precious thing possessed;
He's wealth in his mind; he's heart in his breast,
And the love of the hearts that his heart has blessed.
Humble and poor! What then?

How much is he worth? Let death declare
With his touch of peace on the brow of care,
And the kind heart hushed to sleep.
There's rest at last for the toiling hand;
But the seed it dropped in the fruitful land
Hath harvests measureless as the sand
On the shores of the infinite deep.

How much is he worth? Let the angels declare
The worth to heaven of its chosen heir,
To God of his saintly men;
A life with fragrant memories fraught;
A soul resplendent with good deeds wrought;
A victor and king to the crowning brought
In the palace of God! And then?

SUNDAY SELECITONS.

—Nothing ages like laziness.—*Bulwer.*

—Recollection is the only paradise from which we cannot be turned out.—*Richter.*

—Christ has taught us to trust Him as the way, the truth and life, and if we do, our promise is eternal life.

—True charity begins where the greatest needs exists, and where God has opened the greatest field of usefulness.

—God tells us to love reproof. I don't know anyone who ever took rebuke better than Eli. "It is the Lord!" When Nathan said to David, "Thou art the man," he did not flare up as Herod did. No! he said, "I have sinned" and went away to write the fifty-first psalm.—*Andrew A. Bonner.*

—Christ built no church, wrote no book, left no money, erected no monuments; yet show me ten square miles in the whole earth where Christianity is not and where the life and the purity of woman are not respected, and I will give up Christianity.—*Lowell.*

—The largest amount ever raised in one year for the work of foreign missions is contributed by the Church of England Missionary Society, whose current year ended in March, 1895, with a report of two hundred and seventy-nine thousand pounds—$1,895,000.

—Thank God every morning when you get up that you have something to do that day which must be done whether you like it or not. Being forced to do your best will breed in you temperance, self control, diligence, strength of will, content, and a hundred virtues which the idle will never know.—*Kingsley.*

—There is sunshine, good cheer, in a smiling face. A smile adds to the stock of forces for the good of the world. To multiply the smiles of men would be to increase the beautiful sunshine of life—that sunshine that gives hope and fruitfulness where otherwise only barren wastes would exist. Blessed be sunshine! The Christian who is a good smiler, on dark days and bright, has with him a secret of service to his fellows which is never to be despised.—*Religious Telescope.*

The Seedling Oak.

On this side by the hedge the ground is a little higher and dry, hung over with the lengthy boughs of an oak which give some shade. I always feel a sense of regret when I see a seedling oak in the grass. The two green leaves—the little stem so upright and confident, and though but a few inches high already so completely a tree—are in themselves beautiful. Power, endurance, grandeur are there. You can grasp all with your hand and take a ship between the finger and thumb. Time, that sweeps away everything, is for awhile repelled. The oak will grow when the time we know is forgotten, and when felled will be the mainstay and safety of a generation in a future century.

That the plant should start among the grass to be severed by the scythe or crushed by cattle is very pitiful. I cannot help wishing that it could be transplanted and protected. Of the countless acorns that drop in autumn not one in a million is permitted to become a tree; a vast waste of strength and beauty.—*The Late Richard Jefferies in Longman's Magazine.*

The Enrichment of English.

Mr. Francis Thompson has enriched the English language with words like acorb, crocean, ostends, lampads, preparate (for ready), reformate (for reformed) and many equally desiderable Latinate vocables. Might we not by following Mr. Thompson's method add some degree of "literary gorgeousness" even to the least Thompsonian of our poems? For instances, certain well known verses would be redeemed from much of their quietude if presented thus:

By fonts of Dove, ways incalcable,
Did habitate
A virgin largely inamable
And illaudate.
A violet by a mussose stone
Semiocculr,
Formose as astre when but one,
Ostends its vills.
She lived incognite, few could know
When she ossated.
But O the difference when, lo,
She's tumulated.
—Saturday Review.

Exercise Around the House.

To keep both spirits and complexion in good condition and to preserve grace, strength and agility, a well known physician says, there is no gymnasium so valuable, no exercise so beneficial in its results, as the daily vigorous round of household duties, sweeping, dusting, making beds and polishing silver and brasses and washing dishes. A year of such work will do more for a woman's complexion than all the powders and lotions that ever were made.

Delicately Put.

Head Waiter (to professor about to leave the premises without paying)—Should you happen to miss your purse, here professor, you will please bear in mind that you did not take it out while you were here.—*Buntes Allerlei.*

The total number of cattle in the United States in 1890 was 51,868,872, of which 1,117,404 were working oxen and 16,811,950 are milk kine, the remainder being classed as miscellaneous.

Minnehaha means "laughing water." The Indian word was Minne-ta-ta.

INAUDIBLE STREET MUSICIANS.

Mr. Howells Thinks They Have Their Money Even If It Is Not Heard.

It may be doubted whether a balladist who is not making himself heard is earning his money; but, on the other hand, it may be asked if he is not less regrettable for that reason. A great many good people do not earn their money, and yet by universal consent they seem to have a right to it. We cannot oblige the poor to earn their money any more than the rich without attacking the principle on which society is based and classing ourselves with its enemies. If people get money out of other people, we ought not to ask how they get it, whether it is much or little, and I, at any rate, will not scan too closely the honesty of the inaudible balladist of the avenue. Neither will I question the gains of those silentious minstrels who grind small, mute organs at the corners of the pavement, with a little tin cup beside them to receive tribute. They are usually old, old women, and I suppose Italians, but they seem not to be very distinctly anything. How they can sit upon the cold stone all day long without taking their deaths passes me to say, and I am inclined to think that they do really earn their money, if not as minstrels, then as monuments of human endurance. The average American grandmother would sneeze in five seconds under the same conditions and be laid up for the rest of the winter. But these hardy aliens remain unaffected by cold or wet, light or dark.

One night I came upon one sleeping on her curbstone—such a small, dull wad of outworn womanhood!—her gray old head bent upon her knees and her withered arms wound in her thin shawl. It was very chill that night, with a sharp wind sweeping the street that the street department had neglected, but this poor old thing slept on, while I stood by her, trying to imagine her short and simple annals—a dim, faroff childhood in some peasant hut, a girlhood with its tender dreams, a motherhood with its cares, a grandmotherhood with its pains—the whole round of woman's life, with want through all, wound into this last result of houseless age at my feet. How much of human life comes to no more, if indeed one ought not to say how little comes to so much! I sighed as people of feeling used to do in the eighteenth century and dropped a dime into the tin cup. The sound startled the beldam, and I hope that before she woke and looked up at me she had time to dream riches and luxury for the rest of her life. "Bella musica," I said, with fine irony, and she smiled and shrugged and began to feel for the handle of her organ as if she were willing to begin giving me my money's worth on the spot. If we did not see such sights every day, how impossible they would seem! —"Tribulations of a Cheerful Giver," by W. D. Howells, in Century.

The Railroad Kidney.

This complaint is now recognized by medical men. It is caused by an artificial stoppage of the pores of the skin. If any person will examine his hand after riding for two or three hours in a train—and this is especially true if he be perspiring—he will find his hand is dirty. But a closer examination will show the existence of a fine grime, the particles of which, so soon as the perspiration ceases, act as minute corks stopping up the orifices of the pores. How deeply this grime works into the skin is shown by the fact that after a railroad trip one washes one's hands and face two or three times before they become clean. It is this grime which produces railroad kidney. Of course it is not supposed that an ordinary healthy person will contract this disease in a trip of a day or two. But where a person is already a sufferer from chronic disease of the kidneys it is possible that a week on railroad trains would aggravate his malady to an appreciable extent.—London Public Opinion.

Wooden Hats.

A Massachusetts inventor has patented a machine which is supplied with fine planing teeth. A log of wood cut square is fed to it, and when the log passes through it has furnished 100 strips of wood much resembling excelsior. Their length of course is that of the log. It is claimed that these when moistened can be woven much more readily than straw and make as durable a hat.

The inventor says it is twice as light as straw, and that because of its easier manipulation and cheaper cost it will supersede the straw now used for the construction of headgear. Even women's Leghorn hats and the finest Panamas may become possible for those who can't afford them now.—New York World.

No Contest.

Teddie—What are woman's rights, pa?

Pa—Everything they want, my boy. Always remember that.—Boston Courier.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

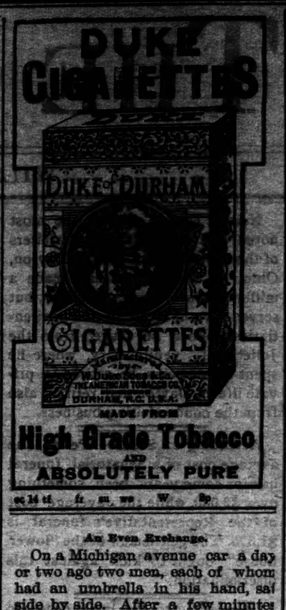
THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Regular size 50c. and $1.



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An Even Exchange.

On a Michigan avenue car a day or two ago two men, each of whom had an umbrella in his hand, sat side by side. After a few minutes one of them said:

"If I'm not mistaken, I once owned that umbrella you are carrying."

"I was thinking the same about yours," was the reply.

"If my memory serves me right, I left that umbrella in an office on Griswold street about a year ago."

"Don't doubt it in the least. Just about a year ago I was in an office on Griswold street, and it began to rain. This umbrella stood there in a corner, and after a little maneuvering I managed to steal it. A week previous to that I was making some purchases in a store on Woodward avenue. When I started to go out, I found that some one had stolen my umbrella. I think you are the man."

"I know I am," replied the other. "Yes, I was in a store on Woodward avenue about a year ago. It was raining, and I had no umbrella. I saw you stand yours up against the counter and walk away, and I gobbled it. Shall we exchange or let things go as they are?"

"I'm satisfied."

"So'm I."

"Then we will continue to believe that honesty is the best policy. I get out here. Good afternoon."

"Same to you, and integrity is the road to success."—Detroit Free Press.

Liberty.

Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery? Forbid it, Almighty God! I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death.—Patrick Henry, March, 1775.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred. Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2¼ Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7½@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½@	7¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	6 @	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	5¾@	5¾
Shoulders	5½@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35@	1 40
New Virgin, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	18	
Northern	22 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	45
Virginia Meal	43 @	45
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	13 @	25
Adamantine	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy	11 @	13
State	@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—		
Rio	17 @	20
Laguayra	18 @	20
Java	18½@	30
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, C. ₩ yard	@	8½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	10 @	13½
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	23 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 00 @	6 50
Roe Shad, ₩ piece	50 @	75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	3 75 @	3 85
Straight	3 75 @	3 85
Fine Patent	@	4 25
GLUE—₩ lb	8½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	42½@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47½@	50
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½@	48½
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	80 @	90
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Prime	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	5½@	6@
North Carolina	5 @	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
" " Scantling, according to quality	13 00 @	15 00
Dressed Flooring, common	16 00 @	22 00
Ceiling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	28
" " in bbls	@	30
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" in bbls	28 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	25
NAILS, ₩ keg; Cut, 60d basis	@	2 80
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City	10 50@	10 50
Rump	@	10 00
Prime	@	10 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	12
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	85
SHINGLES, Cypress, ₩ M—		
A variety	@	65
No. 1 ₩ bunch	@	45
SHINGLES, Cypress, ₩ M—		
Common	@	3 50
Cypress Saps	@	5 00
Pine	@	7 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	6@	6
Standard A	@	5¾
White A	@	5¾
Extra C, Golden	4 @	5¼
C, Yellow	@	4¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	@	7
STAVES, ₩ bundle, W. O. Barrel	1 00 @	1 10
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10 @	12 00
Mill Prime	8 @	9 00
Mill, Fair	6 @	7 00
Common Mill	4 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 @	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	3 @	3½
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	1 10
North Carolina	1 00 @	1 10
WOOL, ₩ lb—Unwashed	@	17
Clear of burs	18@	20
Burry	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Dec. 21.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 25½ cents per gallon for country and 26 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 85 per bbl for Strained and $1 40 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard at $1 80, Virgin and Yellow Dip $1 60.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 24½c; rosin, strained, $0 95; good strained $1 00; tar $0 85; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	71
Rosin	1,079
Tar	461
Crude Turpentine	39

Receipts same day last year—138 casks spirits turpentine, 644 bbls rosin, 385 bbls tar, 55 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Steady on a basis of 7¾c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6¾ " "
Low Middling	7 6-16 " "
Middling	7¾ " "
Good Middling	8 1-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 6c.

Receipts—3,191 bales; same day last year 1,761.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 21.—Evening—Money on call closed offered at 8 per cent after being quoted at 25@50 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was nominally 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange irregular; actual business in bankers' bills 487½@488 for sixty days and 489@489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 487@487½. Government bonds lower; United States coupon fours 111½; United States twos 96. State bonds weak; North Carolina fours 106 asked; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were depressed.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 21—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8¼c; middling 8¼c.

Cotton futures closed very steady; December 7 85, January 7 85, February 7 91@7 93; March 7 97@7 98, April 8 04@8 05, May 8 07@8 08, June 8 11@8 13, July 8 13@8 14, August 8 15@8 16, September 7 87@7 88, October 7 77@7 78, November 7 76@7 78. Sales 367,600 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 195 bales; gross 9,295 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 9,074 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 191 bales; stock (actual) 187,964 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 84,978 bales; exports to Great Britain 18,397 bales; to France 6,350 bales; to the Continent 17,746 bales; stock 1,027,190 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3,145,270 bales; exports to Great Britain 931,934 bales; exports to France 268,686 bales; exports to the Continent 758,065 bales.

NEW YORK, December 21—Flour was neglected and unchanged; Southern dull and steady, common to extra fair $3 10@2 80, good to choice $3 90@8 00. Wheat—spot dull and firm; No 3 red in store and at elevator 67¾@68c; afloat 69½@69¾c; options were moderately active and very irregular, declining ½@¾c on weakness West, unsettled Wall street and local realizing, rallied ½@⅝c on foreign buying and closing firm at unchanged prices to ¼c decline; No. 2 red January 64¼c; February 65c; March —c; May 64⅞c; July 64¾c. December 68¾c. Corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 38¾c; afloat 34¾c; options were less active and firm at unchanged prices to ¼c advance; December 33⅝; January 33¾c; May 34¾c. Oats—spot dull but steady; options dull and unchanged—spot prices—No. 2 23¾c; No 3 white 24@24¼c; mixed Western 23@24c. Hay firm; spring 70@75c; good to choice 90@95¾c. Wool firm; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@34. Beef dull, steady; family 10 00@10 50; extra mess $7 50@8 50; beef hams quiet at $15 00@15 50; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats were quiet; pickled bellies 4¾c; shoulders 4¼c; hams 8¼@8¾c; middles nominal. Lard was steady; Western steam $3 47½; city $3 00@3 10; December $3 45; refined lard dull; Continent $3 00; South America $3 80; compound 3¾@3¾c. Pork quiet and steady; old mess $8 70@9 25. Butter quiet; fancy steady; State dairy 13@24c; do creamery 20@27c; Western dairy 11@19c; Elgins 28c. Tallow easy and unchanged. Cotton seed oil quiet and unchanged. Rice fairly active and firm. Molasses firm and unchanged. Peanuts firm. Coffee quiet and 5 points down to 15 up; December $13 70@13 80; February $13 50; March $13 45. May $13 8; October $11 85; spot Rio dull but steady; No 7 $14 50. Sugar—raw dull and firm; fair refining 3½@3¾c; refined sugar quiet and steady; off 4 3 16@4¾c; standard A 4⅝; cut loaf 5¼c; crushed 5¼c; granulated 4⅝@4¾c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, December 21.—Cash quotations: Flour dull. Wheat—No 2 spring 54¼@54¾c; No 3 red 59@60¼c. Corn—No. 2 35¾c. Oats—No 2 17¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, $7 50@7 75. Lard per 100 lbs. $5 33½@5 35. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs $4 20@4 35. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs $4 87½@5 00¼. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $4 87½@4 50⅝. Whiskey per gallon $1 23.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.

CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Souvenir GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches.	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Worms,
Stings,	Backache,	Swinney,
Bites,	Galls,	Saddle Galls,
Bruises,	Sores,	Piles.
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

WHAT MATTER?

What matter though the dreary night
With darkness should obscure my way?
Thine eyes, my love, with sweet fires light
My life with never ending day.

What matter though the way be long?
What though its path be fraught with strife?
Thy loving cheer will make me strong
To do the irksome toils of life.

What matter though with wearied brain
I watch the day die in the west?
Thy gentle touch dispels the pain
And soothes my aching brow to rest.

And so life's golden span appears
More golden as the days pass by,
For sweet, my love, the gilding years
But add new luster to thine eye.

And when our setting sun's last rays
All lurid make the autumn skies,
Oh, then will heaven's love flames blaze
Forth from the love fires of thine eyes.
—George H. Conrad in Detroit Free Press.

DUMAS' GOLDEN RULES.

The Author's Prescription For Health Wealth and Wisdom.

Walk two hours every day; sleep seven hours every night; go to bed always alone if you need to sleep; get up as soon as you wake; work as soon as you get up; eat only when you are hungry and drink only when you are thirsty, and eat and drink always slowly.

Never speak except when it is necessary and never say more than half of what you think. Never write anything that you cannot sign, and never do anything that you cannot avow. Never forget that others will count upon you, and that you must never count upon them. Value money at its real worth, neither more nor less. It is a good servant, but a bad master.

Keep away from women until you are 20 and avoid them when you are 40. Never attempt to produce anything without a thorough understanding of that which you undertake and destroy as little as possible. Pardon everybody beforehand to be on the safe side. Do not despise men. Do not hate them and do not laugh at them beyond measure. Pity them.

Think of death every morning when you see the light and every evening on the approach of darkness. When your sufferings are great, look your grief in the face. It will console you itself and teach you something. Try to be simple, to become useful, to remain free, and before denying God wait until somebody proves to you that he does not exist.

For a man and for a woman there is a succession of duties to be fulfilled which enables them to look always ahead and to become accustomed to the absence of the objects of their most dear affections. The world would finish too quickly if the first child was not able to survive the death of the first mother.

Misfortunes and trials attack noble souls without hurting them. They are like the rocks of granite that the sea covers in times of tempest with its furious waves, fancying that it is drowning them, while it is merely washing them, so that they reappear again in the sunlight more polished and more shining than ever. Adversity embellishes those that it cannot cast down. By the law of nature a man should have many children. He should raise them well, so that they may be useful, and he should love them so that they may be happy.

To get married when a man is young is healthy. To choose, in no matter what class, a good, honest girl; to love her with all his heart and soul and to make her a reliable companion and a prolific mother; to work to raise his children and to leave them when dying the example of his life—that is the true meaning and object of life. The rest is only error, crime or folly.

In truth, the average man is only above ambient humanity on one single plane, virtue, and as there can be no virtue without humility those alone have the right to consider themselves the superiors of others to whom the knowledge that they are superior is denied. Talent, and especially its higher form called genius, is involuntary. It is not the result of the efforts of man. It is, like beauty, the gift of God. That is why it is of secondary order, and posterity will only remember it for its virtue, its sincerity and its communion in universal progress. Glory for glory's sake is a shameful speculation.

The men who rejoice in their celebrity are simpletons. The men who are proud of their genius are fools.

There is one thing that is especially beautiful in great and pure affections, and that is that, after the pleasure which they afford has passed away, there remains the happiness of their recollection.

Very often an unexpected grief or an unmerited misfortune gives to a man an energy and a perseverance which he could never find in happiness. And after such trials a man often becomes superior who would have remained simple and vulgar if he had always been happy. He who is without energy when young will never have it. Grit is not a winter fruit. It never grows in the snow.

One may expect everything from a man of energy to whom misfortune has given courage and ambition.—Alexandre Dumas Fils in Paris Figaro.

Luxor Obelisk Homesickness.

Our Paris correspondent says that the obelisk of Luxor in the Place de la Concorde in Paris is found to be crumbling away and to be in a general state of dry rot. It was taken to Paris in Louis Philippe's reign and set up where it is. But it does not stand on the spot where Louis XVI and the after members of the royal family were executed. It is not therefore true that it was ever meant to serve as a memorial stone in the Place de la Concorde. It is rather curious that Parisians hardly ever think of that historical square in connection with the reign of terror.—London News.

Clerical Wit.

The witty bishop of Oxford was once waited on by a clergyman who came to lodge a complaint against a brother cleric whom he accused of ritualistic practices. "For instance," said the aggrieved clergyman, "does your lordship consider it right for a priest to kiss a stole?"

"Well," replied Dr. Stubbs very gravely, "I think there would be better ground for complaint if he stole a kiss."

STAY IN PARIS AND "DO" EUROPE.

The Happy Thought of an Ingenious but Artful Frenchman.

An artful and ingenious Frenchman in Paris, with a well developed and subtle knowledge of the frailties and vanities of the traveling public, has hit upon a plan that will place many American dollars in his pocket and at the same time permit those who go abroad to practice innocent impositions upon their credulous friends and neighbors on their return.

His method is a simple one, and yet when adopted in connection with a careful reading of Baedeker or some other guidebook is one that is almost certain to mislead the "folks at home" and give one an appearance of having traveled much, although he may not have gone to any other place on the continent than Paris.

This thoughtful, provident Frenchman has laid in an excellent stock of those innocent and heretofore truthful telltale pasters that all travelers cherish and delight in having stuck upon their trunks and boxes in places far from home. They are exact reproductions of the pasters or labels most in use at railway stations and hostelries in the various countries abroad, and these for a mild consideration he will apply to any article of baggage that a traveler may have. The tourist selects the labels, and he does the rest.

With enough of these stuck about indiscriminately, to be used in evidence, and a slight knowledge of the places thereby indicated, gleaned from a guidebook, deception is made easy and a reputation for having "done" Europe can be cheaply gained.

This industry is a new one and bids fair to meet with great success, as tales of foreign travels like those of fishing adventures are seldom confined to the niceties of truth, and it is not considered any more improper to stretch a point in telling about one than it is in telling about the other.

The scheme was first made known on this side on the arrival of a steamship the other day. A vivacious young woman who had been abroad with some friends was met at the steamer by her brother, who looked after her baggage.

After the customs officials had tumbled the things in her trunk about as the law requires her brother noticed the many pasters upon it.

He expressed surprise that she had been to so many places during her short absence and remarked that she had said nothing of many of them in her letters.

She laughed heartily at his remark and told him that they had nearly all been been put on in Paris. "It only cost me 4 francs and lots of others had it done, too," she said. She then stated that she could have had plenty more had she so desired, as the man had all that any one could wish.

The Frenchman has undoubtedly filled "a long felt want," and hereafter doing Europe on $1 a day will be considered an unnecessary extravagance.

Truly Paris is the center of the universe.—New York Times.

A Little Adventure With a Bear.

A party consisting of Councilman Rummelin, F. Henshaw, Guy Willis, W. J. Matthews and others, who went over into the Nehalem country fishing, had a fine time, and besides killing lots of fish saw several deer and nearly scared a bear to death. They met bruin at the sharp turn in the road and quite surprised him. A bird dog with the party ran at him, and he stood up and took in the situation. He looked as big as a barn door, and his coat was as black as jet and shone as if oiled with bear's grease.

After looking over the party and seeing no one who suited his fancy for breakfast he jumped on a big log by the roadside, and turning to take another look Matthews let him have a couple of cartridges of bird shot in the face and eyes. He fell over backward as if dead, probably from astonishment, and then jumped and started to run off. He ran against a big tree and knocked himself over and then ran against a windfall, which stopped him again. The boys thought they had him sure; but, although apparently blinded, he got a move on himself and went down into a deep canyon, where the undergrowth was so thick that the man who followed him with a rifle could not see a yard ahead and so was afraid to follow him farther. —Portland Oregonian.

A Japanese Mother.

A picture of Japanese home life is given in The Chautauquan by Taizo Shimidza. In it he describes his ideal woman, who proves to be his mother. He says:

Without knowing why, my heart was full of such love and confidence toward her that I did not seem able to live without her. While I was still too young to attend any school this loving little lady took such a deep interest in me that she was always ready to play with me, using all her influence to keep me away from the band of small urchins whose chief delight was in playing war or wrestling when they were not engaged in "frog hunting" or the execution of the black cat condemned without process of law. Whenever those young samurai (knights) would call on me to enlist me in their dark plots of mischief, the same little lady used to come in with dainty sweetmeats, pictures and toys and in the most fascinating way persuade us to give up such expeditions and to sit close around her while she would tell us stories. Oh, what blissful days were those in the old home and how well I remember those stories! Old, old tales of "Prince Peachling" and the like, yet so fresh and interesting, especially when told by this lady of mine! What was there in them to make us feel ashamed of killing frogs and persecuting black cats? It was surely only the charm of her exquisite tact which made us feel as though we were good, big and strong men—chivalrous defenders willing to be kind to every one.

Love.

Love is not altogether a delirium, yet it has many points in common therewith. I call it rather a discerning of the infinite in the finite—of the ideal made real.—Carlyle.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

OUR ENTIRE STOCK,

Comprising a Fine Line of

Millinery

—AND—

Fancy Goods,

Dry Goods

—AND—

Notions.

CLOAKS,

Capes, Toys and Holiday Novelties Must Be Sold.

Our reason being that we intend to continue in

Millinery Exclusively.

so shall give our patrons a chance to buy new and desirable goods at COST FOR CASH ONLY.

Don't miss this chance as goods were never before sold at such prices.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market St.,

dec 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

War Declared.

The American Eagle spreading its wings to swoop down upon the British Lion (with long ears) and sweep him from the seas. When Dixie land and Yankeedom lock arms to fight a common enemy you may hurl a universe against them without breaking their ranks. What chance then has Great Britain! Thank goodness, war between England and the United States has not yet been declared, but the American Eagle in the shape of a dollar is rolling around pretty lively, and we have the goods to exchange for a few.

England is all right—the English people are not any more anxious to fight us than we are to have a tussle with them. Uncle Sam is all right. If war should break out Uncle Sam and his children won't be the last to go to the front.

We have quite a variety of nice goods suitable for presents and we are not the last to let you know it. Prices cut no figure. We are going to sell the goods.

Read our advertisement in the *Dispatch* and come to

BUNTING'S PHARMACY

Y. M. C. A. Building,

dec 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

—63 1-2 Steps—

From the corner of Front and Princess streets will bring you to

Mercer & Evans'

Shoe Store,

where you can buy Shoes as cheap as the cheapest, and as good as the best.

Call there, buy a pair and get a copy of the Puzzle of the Day, and see how the "Gold Bugs" and the "Silver Bugs" will get across "Greenback River" together.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

H. C. Evans' Old Stand.

dec 21 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 21 tf

Butter, Butter.

25 small tubs Butter.
50 bags Water Ground Meal.
150 barrels Mullets.
25 boxes Mixed Nuts.
25 bags C. C. Nuts.
100 boxes and tubs Candy.
25 barrels Ginger Cakes.
140 boxes Crackers.
200 boxes Smoked Herrings.
75 boxes Cheese.

At D. L. GORE'S.

dec 17 tf

JOHNSON & FORE

Are showing a beautiful selection of

FANCY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR

Holiday Presents.

Nothing in the city begins to compare with the handsome display they are making.

Handkerchiefs

in Linen and Silk for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Silk Umbrellas

in beautiful fancy sticks in 26 and 28 inches.

Fancy Baskets, Japanese Screens.

100 dozen

KID GLOVES

just received, in the newest fall shades. Every pair warranted when fitted at the store.

LADIES' WRAPS

from $5.00 to $35.00, made in the most fashionable styles, and they are the best fitting garments on the market.

Many entirely new things in Bric-a-brac.

Complete stock of

Dry Goods and Millinery.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

dec 19 tf

The Best Place

TO BUY YOUR

XMAS PRESENTS

IS AT THE

Brooklyn

Department Store,

NEXT FOURTH ST. BRIDGE.

Toys, Toys, Toys

Of every description,

Cheaper Than Ever Before.

Large Dolls 10c.

25 Cents Size 18 Cents.

EXAMINE OUR

1c Counter. 5c Counter.

10c Counter. 25c Counter.

Wagons, Chairs, Tables, Baby Carriages, Pianos, Guns, Games, &c., all at special Low Prices.

Smoking Sets 25c and upward. Cuff and Collar Boxes, Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, Handkerchiefs and Glove Cases, and lots of Fancy Goods.

Cut prices in every department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $3.00.

dec 15 tf

THE CHICAGO.

Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask

We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.

W. R. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

dec 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and

Excellent for Placing Under Carpets

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

Ninth Edition.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

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Not Revised,

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Complete in 25 Volumes

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Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a thesaurus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $25 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

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The Star Britannica Department,

9 and 11 Princess Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

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J. S. McRae, Maxton.
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G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
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Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

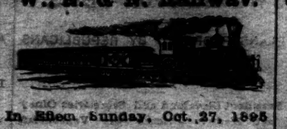
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

jans 8 1m

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents taken and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 19 1

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
No. 8		No. 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
3 00	Lv., Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 50	Lv., Jacksonville Lv	10 45
4 30	Lv., Maysville Lv	10 00
4 44	Lv., Pollocksville Lv	9 35
5 30	Ar., Newbern Lv	9 00
P M		A M

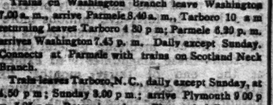
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort. Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILSHINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.40 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.30 p m, Weldon 3.30 p m, Petersburg 5.30 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 8.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.50 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m. 9.30 P M

DAILY No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.30 p m, Warsaw 6.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.26 p m, Wilson 10.35 p m, †Tarboro 6.38 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 3.37 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.32 p m, Boston 3.30 p m. 7.00 P M

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.32 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.35 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m. 9.30 P M

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.07 a m, Baltimore 3.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.10 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m. 5.45 P M

DAILY No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 a m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 8.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.13 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 6.45 p m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.03 a m, Magnolia 8.15 a m. 10.00 a m

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.30 a m, Sanford 1.09 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.18 a m, Columbia 8.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.35 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.30 a m. 11 50 a m

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.18 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 5.47 p m, Kinston 7 05 p m. Returning, leave Kinston 7 30 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.30 p. m. arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 8.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 8 05 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.30 a m; Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 10 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.05 p m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 p m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 5.05 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m. Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 9 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 5 40 a m, arrive Latta 6.50 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5 05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.31 p m, Latta 6.54 p m, Pee Dee 6.07 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 5 40 p m, arrive Clio 6 05 p m, returning leave Clio 9 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 6.10 a m, Chadbourn 10.30 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.58 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m; Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Florence 8.10 a m, 8.45 a m, 4.00 a m, 7 05 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.30 a m, †9.30 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville 9.50 a m and 5.55 p m. Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m. Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 5.45 p m, Gibson 5 47 a m, Bennettsville 6 10 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, 10 45 a m, Darlington 7.50 a m, †7 30 p m, 4.30 p m, 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.55 a m, †7 55 a m, 5 p m, 6.45 p m. 5.45 P M

†Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.00 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 5.50 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 6.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.05 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 3.55 p m, Smithfield 5.08 p m, Dunn 5.44 p m, Fayetteville 6.30 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.05 p m, returning leave Rowland 9 31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 6.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.55 p m, arrive Wilson 1.50 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington 7.20 a m, arrives Sumter 10.55 a m. Leave Sumter 7.10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5.40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 53 a m, arrives Denmark 6.30 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4.10 p m, arrive Sumter 6.05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †6.00 a m, arrives Sumter 10 05 p m. Leaves Sumter 10.25 p m, arrives Darlington 7 55 p m. 11 50 a m

†Daily except Sunday.

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interests of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it; and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $6.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 20 cents per month delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $8.00 per annum, 80 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
7 55 p m	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 25 a m
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 35 a m
4 30 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	10 55 "
3 19 "	Lv...Sanford..... Lv	12 19 p m
1 28 a m	Lv...Climax..... Lv	2 25 "
1 05 "	Lv...Greensboro... Ar	3 05 "
12 38 "	Ar...Greensboro... Lv	3 05 "
10 13 a m	Lv...Stokesdale... Lv	5 09 "
11 05 "	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar...Walnut Cove... Lv	4 35 "
11 05 "	Lv...Rural Hall... Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv...Mt Airy..... Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 3.		No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 20 a m
6 12 "	Lv...Manton..... Ar	9 13 "
5 43 "	Lv...Red Springs... Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv...Rose Hill..... Lv	10 38 "
4 38 "	Lv...Fayetteville... Ar	10 53 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.	Factory and Mt. Airy Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.
No. 15. MIXED.		No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar...Ramseur..... Lv	6 45 a m
3 55 "	Lv...Climax..... Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv...Greensboro... Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex sn.
Leave Greensboro	9 30 a m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 30 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Madison	12 28 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 09 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 25 "

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R., for Winston-Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

dec 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 35 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 30	7 45	.....
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 15	12 45	.....
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 36
Arrive Monroe	8 56	5 50	9 49
Leave Monroe	9 30	6 10	10 25
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 45
Leave Charlotte			10 45
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Arr Rutherfordton			3 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 36 Daily	No. 36 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	.....	.....	6 05
Leave Shelby	.....	.....	8 00
Leave Lincolnton	.....	.....	8 55
Arrive Charlotte	.....	.....	8 32
Leave Charlotte	6 20	6 55	8 20
Arrive Monroe	8 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	8 30	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 10	12 42	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 05	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 35	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	6 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.30 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.36 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	6.30 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	10.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.30 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.30 a m	4.00 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	10.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 35 and 36 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 35 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 12 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 36 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 50 and 402, "Atlanta Special," have vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C. F. & Y. V.; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R. R.; at Hamlet with R. & A. C. & S. A. and Seaboard Railway; at Monroe with C. C. & N.; at Charlotte with R. & D. system; at Lincolnton with C. & L.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 22, 1895

SENATE AND HOUSE.

THE PRESIDENT'S FINANCIAL MESSAGE DENOUNCED.

Senator Butler Introduces a Resolution to Pay Government Obligations in Silver—The Holiday Resolution Failed—The House Committees Announced by Speaker Reed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 21.—There was nothing of a directly warlike character in the Senate discussion to-day, but there were several significant financial propositions and declarations

The first of these was a resolution offered by Mr. Vest, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to coin the silver bullion in the Treasury into standard silver dollars, and to pay with them the certificates issued under the law of July 14th, 1890, in purchase of the bullion; also to pay the greenbacks in standard silver dollars or in gold, using whichever may be most abundant or convenient.

Mr. Vest wished to have his resolution immediately considered, but objection was made by Mr. Platt, and the resolution went over for the day. A like fate attended a somewhat similar resolution offered by the new Populist Senator from North Carolina, Mr. Marion Butler, directing the payment of the interest and principal of the Government's coin obligations in gold or silver as long as the two metals are on a parity, and in silver when that metal is below parity with gold.

The President's financial message of yesterday was denounced by Senators Stewart and Dubois. That message, in Mr. Stewart's opinion, proved that the President was panic stricken. But all that the President had to do to sustain the national credit was to pay the Government obligations according to the contract. "Let him announce that," Mr. Stewart exclaimed, "and there will be no raids on the Treasury."

Mr. Dubois also condemned the message and declared that it was "utterly, absolutely impossible to legislate financially in accordance with the President's recommendation," and that all that the message had done was to precipitate a tariff discussion. Nobody, he said, wanted to have bonds issued and nobody wanted to have greenbacks retired. He expressed his belief that the Vest resolution would be agreed to on the next legislative day if a vote upon it were not prevented by the action of the President's friends.

A greeting of the Federal Senate of Brazil to the United States Senate on the worthy message of President Cleveland, which so strenuously guards the dignity, sovereignty and freedom of the American nations, was communicated from the State Department, and was read and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The Fortifications bill, heretofore introduced by Mr. Squire of Washington, Republican, was re-introduced with an emergency clause, making the appropriation, $87,000,000, immediately available if so ordered by the President. This clause, he said, was desirable in view of changed conditions.

The holiday recess resolution having failed between the two Houses, the Senate at 1.45 p. m. adjourned until Tuesday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Speaker Reed cleared the way to-day for action by the House of Representatives by announcing the list of committees for this Congress. There were several surprises occasioned by the reading of the list, but many of the assignments had been discounted by current rumor. There was general satisfaction with the work of the Speaker and he was commended on all sides for the fairness and ability as well as the consideration of public interests displayed in discharging the arduous and delicate task.

The message of the President urging Congressional action to relieve the present financial distress was read and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, as was also the resolution providing for a holiday recess. It was stated by the leaders of the House that it was probable the President's recommendation would be followed and no holiday recess taken.

On motion of Mr. Cannon a resolution was agreed to authorizing the Committee on Appropriations to sit during the sessions of the House. On motion of Mr. Dingley a similar resolution was agreed to for the Committee on Ways and Means.

Messrs. Bankhead, Clarke and Hutchinson appeared on the floor for the first time this session and were sworn in by the Speaker.

At 12.55 o'clock the House adjourned until Monday.

N. Y. STOCK MARKET.

Heavy Selling for Foreign Account—Further Decline in Prices and Consequent Failures.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 21.—The action of the Senate yesterday in the unanimous passage of the bill providing for the formation of the Venezuelan Boundary Commission led to heavy selling again this morning for foreign account, and this with forced sales by local operators led to a sharp break in prices at the opening of the Stock Exchange. Blocks of stocks for the account of out-of-town customers who were unable to respond to the calls for margins were thrown overboard for anything they would bring, and this added to the feeling of uneasiness because there was no way of knowing whether the brokers handling the various deals had been involved. President Cleveland's message on the finances sent to Congress did not have the favorable effect on the market at the start that was looked for in certain quarters. In fact, in the first hour prices broke anywhere from one to thirteen points, and as on yesterday there were no signs of supporting orders in any direction, Cordage guaranteed scored the banner loss, selling down thirteen points, from twenty-five to twelve. The failure of L. H. Taylor & Co., of Philadelphia, which have connections in this city, and the suspension of Hatch Bros. and H. K. Burruss & Co., of the local Stock Exchange, were announced in the order named, and this accelerated the downward movement. After the early slump a steadier tone set in and on buying for investment account as well as for the purpose of covering short contracts, a rally of 1 to 5 per cent. followed. London firms were buyers in a moderate way.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 21.—Spirits turpentine firmer with Southern at 28¾@29¼c. Rosin quiet and steady.

CHARLESTON, December 21.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 25c; receipts 28 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20@1 30; receipts 896 barrels.

SAVANNAH, December 21.—Spirits turpentine opened at 26½c bid, with no sales; closed at 27c for regulars; sales 300 casks. Rosin unchanged; sales 7,600 barrels; sales nominal; other grades firm.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

PLANS PROPOSED BY REPUBLICANS TO RELIEVE THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

President Cleveland and Secretaries Olney and Herbert Discuss the Venezuelan Situation—Condition of the Treasury Gold Reserve.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 21.—The statement is made this morning by a very prominent Senator standing close to Speaker Reed that the Republican plan had been agreed upon. The House will refuse to agree to the Senate amendment to the holiday recess resolution and both bodies will necessarily be kept in session. The President in his message says he needs money. The Republicans will give it to him. The Committee on Ways and Means announced today will begin at once the work of constructing a revenue bill that will furnish the funds to meet the expenses of the Government. English imports will be hit hard, and money through this method, the Republicans say, will be plentiful. The bill will, it is said, be considered by the Ways and Means Committee during the holidays and it will make little difference whether or not the House has a quorum. The bill will be passed in the House as speedily as possible and sent to the Senate. Republicans profess to believe that the President will sign it and there are Democratic Senators who declare they will vote for such a bill before they will vote for bonds.

The President this afternoon approved the bill appropriating $100,000 for the expenses of the commission to inquire into the Venezuelan boundary matter. The Executive approval was given to the measure as soon as the official copy reached the President.

At the close of business to-day the Treasury gold reserve stood with all withdrawals out at $68,841,950.

To-day's gold withdrawals amounted to $490,000 for domestic use.

Secretary Olney and Secretary Herbert had a long conference with President Cleveland to-day about the present and probable future aspects of the Venezuelan situation. Mr. Olney and the President, it is understood, discussed the appointment of the Venezuelan Commission authorized by Congress. According to the wording of the resolution authorizing the commission, the commissioners are directed to ascertain the true divisional boundary between Venezuela and British Guiana. This, of course, makes their work so much more difficult and increases their responsibility. It was said to day that when the report of the commission is received the President will adopt one of two courses. He will either send the findings of the commission to Congress with a request for action, or else issue a proclamation declaring the true boundary to be that ascertained by the commissioners. What would follow this latter action can only be surmised, but it is probable that the President would use it as the basis for another attempt to secure Great Britain's agreement to arbitration before taking any radical step, provided, of course, that the commissioners did not sustain the extreme claims of the British Government to the disputed territory.

Mr. Herbert's talk with the President related, it is understood, to the projected visit of Rear Admiral Bunce's squadron to the vicinity of the Venezuelan coast. It cannot be ascertained whether any change was made in the itinerary. Admiral Bunce will have an interview tomorrow with Secretary Herbert on the subject.

The following is stated on the best authority to be the plan of relief which will be discussed by the Ways and Means Committee during the Christmas recess, which it is confidently expected will be entered upon on Monday next: The programme which the Republican leaders of the House have now tentatively in mind is to temporarily provide from thirty to forty-five millions more revenue by some brief amendments of the tariff—not involving general tariff revision—these amendments to expire at the end of thirty months; to give the Secretary of the Treasury authority to issue three per cent. bonds as a popular loan to maintain the coin redemption fund; and for no other purpose, with a proviso that the redeemed greenbacks shall not be used to meet current expenses, but be retained so long as necessary as part of the redemption fund; to authorize national banks to issue circulating notes to the par of the bonds deposited as security, and to reduce the tax on national bank circulation; and to authorize the issue of certificates of indebtedness to meet a temporary deficiency of the revenue until the revenue can be provided.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The Total Visible Supply of Cotton—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 21.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 8,961,879 bales, of which 3,610,179 bales are American, against 4,564,566 bales and 4,210,366 respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 168,781 bales. Receipts from the plantations 251,743 bales. Crop in sight 4,501,315 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton fell twenty-four to twenty-five points, then rallied and closed very steady at a net decline of thirteen to fourteen points, with sales of 267,600 bales. Liverpool declined 3 32d. on the spot, with sales of 8,000 bales; futures declined five to five and a half points, closing unsettled.

To-day's features: Of course the great disturbing factor to-day was the political and financial situation, and to this may be attributed the sharp decline. Liverpool was lower and there was heavy liquidation here for local and out of town account. The Liverpool decline was unexpectedly severe. As far as the situation here in New York is concerned there is an undercurrent of strength because of the continued small receipts at the ports and the interior towns, and the belief that whether hostilities break out or not Great Britain will be compelled to buy heavily during the next few months to replenish its stocks, which are believed to be still at a low stage. At the moment, however, the immediate future is clouded by apprehensions of unfavorable political and financial development.

BANK STATEMENT.

Weekly Statement of Associated Banks.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve decrease, $1,302,525; loans decrease, $8,844,800, specie increase, $360,700; legal tenders decrease, $3,104,400; deposits decrease, $5,764,700; circulation decrease $17,000. The banks now hold $17,088,800 in excess of the 25 per cent. legal requirements.

The value of the plant and lumber on St. Simon's Island, Ga., destroyed by fire Thursday night, was $147,000. The property belonged to Hilton & Dodge. If there was any insurance it was carried in New York.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effects of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

THE WAR SCARE.

A FINANCIAL CRISIS FEARED IN LONDON.

Italy Offers to Mediate Between Great Britain and the United States—The German Kaiser Said To Be In Sympathy With England—The North German Gazette Makes Vicious Attack Upon President Cleveland's Message.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, December 21.—After a flat opening of the market on the Stock Exchange American securities recovered, but they did not sustain their recovery fully at the close. The other markets closed better under the influence of an improvement in consols, which movement is taken to indicate that influential circles consider the political tension better. Those looking beneath the surface apprehend that unless the political situation improves there will be a crisis in London worse than that caused by the failure of the Barings, not on account of American railroad shares, but on account of American railroad bonds which are held not only by private parties in England, but by many insurance companies and similar institutions. These bonds are already unsaleable.

BERLIN, December 21.—When President Cleveland's annual message to the United States Congress burst upon Europe the semi-official press of Berlin and other German centres generally touched the subject with extreme caution. The Cologne *Gazette* certainly did bristle up a little against Mr. Cleveland but the Berlin newspapers, which were awaiting instructions from the Ministers as to their treatment of the document, refrained from committing themselves to an expression of opinion absolutely adverse to the United States Government. The ministerial inspiration seems to have been finally given, and in pursuance of instructions the *North German Gazette* makes a vicious attack upon the message. The article which the *Gazette* devotes to the message declares that Mr. Cleveland has arrogated for the United States the supreme judgeship of all questions affecting the other States in the Western hemisphere. "No European Government," the article says, "disputes the high position of the Government of the United States, but this new phase of spread-eagleism requires the attention of the European nations. The new and strained interpretation of international law necessary to support the so-called Monroe doctrine demands the serious consideration of other Governments besides England."

Since this article appeared the report has been circulated in ministerial circles that the Kaiser had told Prince Hohenlohe that he was determined to throw the influence of Germany upon the side of England. No authentic information in regard to the Emperor's opinion can be obtained, of course, but the tone of the *North German Gazette's* article, combined with the official resentment and the threatened commercial relations, clearly indicates the probable attitude of the German Government.

The American colony here receive the adverse German opinion with equanimity, and are confident that it will not in any way affect the issues between England and the United States, as Germany cannot risk any form of active intervention nor do the utterances of semi-official press represent the unanimous German sentiment.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—No one in the thick of events here and in a position to judge of public feeling can honestly affirm that the country is in the state of excitement over the difficulties that have arisen in connection with the Anglo-Venezuelan dispute that some of the newspapers represents. Whatever partial effervense existed over President Cleveland's message is now evaporating and if no new surprise is sprung upon the British people the whole matter will soon become a mere newspaper war. Official and diplomatic circles have never shared in the extreme alarmist views that have found expressions in the press and the placidity prevailing at the Foreign Office may be judged from the fact that Prime Minister Salisbury has seen no cause to summon a meeting of the Cabinet to consider the position. It is expected that no Cabinet meeting will be held until the views of the American Government, embodied in a dispatch that Mr. Olney, the American Secretary of State, is understood to be about to send in reply to Lord Salisbury's note, has reached the Foreign Office. Upon making inquiries as to when this reply was likely to be received, the representative of the United Press learned that it was expected to reach here early in January. It depends upon the nature and tone of Mr. Olney's communication whether the situation will become really critical. In the meantime the policy of the Foreign Office is to "lay low and say nothing." English "Jingoism," braying in response to American "Jingoism," may go on, but it does not represent genuine public sentiment, nor can newspaper opinion be taken as an absolutely sure guide to the national feeling.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—The *Temps* publishes a dispatch from Rome saying that Italy has offered to act as arbitrator of the difficulty between Great Britain and the United States. Great Britain, the dispatch adds, has not replied to the offer.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The *Globe* says "The financial kings of the Old World are firmly resolved that such a horror as war between England the United States shall not occur and they will not hesitate to employ any means to prevent it. Our great banks are insisting upon the immediate repayment of advances made to American houses, at the same time with an intimation that they will suspend financial accommodation as long as the menace of an American commission to locate the boundary of British Guiana hangs in the air."

The head of the banking house of Albert Seligman & Co. says; "Business relations between the United States and Great Britain are virtually broken off. The people are anxious, though scarcely any of the prominent firms entertain any idea that war is likely to occur. The financial situation now depends entirely upon the political atmosphere. No financial measures would be effective until a political settlement is reached. President Cleveland's financial plans might then be introduced with effect. An amendment of the currency would satisfy the demands of Europe, though this would be only a partial remedy, but it would be very effective if the consequences should be an appreciation of the price of grain and cotton and the balance of trade were turned in favor of the United States."

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ARMENIAN TROUBLES.

ZEITOUN TO BE BOMBARDED BY TURKISH FORCES.

The Inhabitants to Be Annihilated—Horrible Treatment of Christian Women by Turks—Admiral Selfridge Instructed to Protect Missionaries in Syria.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 21.—The Porte has informed all of the foreign diplomats at the Turkish capital that the Armenians who are in possession of Zeitoun having shown themselves to be obstinate regarding their surrender, the bombardment of Zeitoun will be begun at once. A correspondent writing from Marash expresses the opinion however that the immediate capture of Zeitoun by the Turkish forces is not possible and that the Armenians will be able to hold the place throughout the Winter.

The correspondent also says there was a tremendous panic in Adana on the 7th instant, similar to that which recently occurred in Constantinople. During the panic all of the shops were closed.

A telegram received in Constantinople from Tarsus on December 18th says many families have fled from there to Messinia, where the United States warship Marblehead is lying.

A letter from Vostagat, Asia Minor, dated December 10th says that place is surrounded by Kurds and the houses of the inhabitants have been barricaded. It is reported that thirty Armenians have been massacred there.

A communication received at the Turkish Foreign Office says that the Armenians who are holding Zeitoun have pillaged and flooded dozens of Mussulman villages near Zeitoun and have killed 286 Mussulmans, including sixteen women. The Foreign Office is also issuing stories of a similar character. It is stated that these statements are intended to prepare the public mind for the annihilation of the Armenians who are in possession of Zeitoun.

An American who was for a long time a resident of Constantinople writes from Harpoot that the furniture and other property stolen from the American missionaries at that place are in the houses of the highest Government officials there. He also says that it is a regular practice of the nabobs of the Turkish villages to keep a herd of Armenian women attached to their domestic establishments and when Moslem travellers or soldiers come assign a woman to each guest for the night as a part of their duty in the matter of hospitality.

The Turks admit that the Armenians in the district of Sivas are clothed only with a potato sack each and that many of them have died from starvation. The Sultan is reported to have said that he will feed these unfortunates if they will become Mohammedans.

WASHINGTON, December 21.—The representations made by Minister Terrell respecting the condition of American interests in Turkey have resulted in the dispatch of general instructions to Rear Admiral Selfridge, at Smyrna, Syria, directing him to furnish all protection and comfort to such of the missionaries as might apply for that purpose. There was nothing in the instructions concerning a general gathering of the American missionaries at Alexandretta or some other port where the United States has a warship.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 21.—The German Ambassador here, acting under instructions received from his Government, has again urged the Porte to prevent a massacre of the Armenians at Zeitoun. Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador, supported the German Ambassador in his attempt to save the lives of the revolted Armenians, but it is feared that the Zeitoun district has already been largely laid in waste.

FINANCIAL SITUATION.

New York Banks Solid—Leading Bankers Think the Administration Has Made a Serious Mistake.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The New York *Financier* says; The extraordinary conditions which sent money up to 80 per cent. and caused a collapse of values on the New York Stock Exchange Friday, are not shown fully in the bank statements for the week ending Saturday. There was a sharp contraction of $3,844,800 in loans, a decrease of $2,748,700 in cash holdings and of $5,764,700 in deposits, the result of the week's operations reducing the excess reserve by $1,802,525.

The New York banks have, however, nearly eighteen millions in cash over the legal requirements and their action in throwing immense amounts of money at low rates on the market Friday, when it seemed that the panic of 1893 was to be duplicated in a more serious way, entitles them to the lasting respect of the nation. They stood together, animated by a common purpose, and when the present scare has blown over the true extent of their heroic and patriotic endeavors to stem an adverse current will be better understood and more fully appreciated.

It is impossible in the present course of events to tell what the next week may bring forth but the clearing house banks, while operated as purely business institutions will by their firm policy of unity do more than any other agency to uphold credit and maintain real values.

Leading bankers here universally deplore the Venezuelan blunder, and a dispatch from Chicago to the *Financier* says that nineteen out of twenty prominent bank officers interviewed think that the Administration has made a serious mistake. A Boston special to this paper says that bank officers there talk in a similar strain.

The total deposits of New York banks are now $517,390,800 or $60,000,000 less than the highest figure reached during the year. Loans are $9,000,090 higher than the lowest point. With the prospect of a large gold loan next week some of the $70,000,000 in specie held by the banks will be probably absorbed by the Treasury and the money market will, in all likelihood record the highest regular quotations of the year. When the war scare ebbs there ought to be an influx of foreign money in volume sufficient to rapidly lower rates.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

May Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed a Shade Higher—Lard Unchanged, Ribs Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICGO, Dec. 21.—May wheat opened from 57⅛@57½c, sold between 58⅞ and 57⅝@57⅞c, closing at 57⅞c—a shade higher than yesterday. Cash wheat ruled quiet and steady.

May corn opened at 27⅝@27⅞c, advanced to and closed at 28c—⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was quiet and unchanged.

Oats—This market was reported very dull, with a fair steadiness to the tone. The rapid and irregular vibrations of wheat met with only indifferent response, no serious apprehension being apparent in the trade. May oats closed a shade higher than yesterday. Cash oats were dull and easy.

Provisions pursued an independent course as far as grain was concerned. Prices were weak early, but under the force of good buying improved later in the day. Only a moderate business was transacted, no important development being noted. At the close May pork was 7½c higher than yesterday. May lard unchanged and May ribs 2½c higher. Domestic markets were quiet and steady.

Henry H. Farmer, postmaster at Hillsville, Va., has been arrested for stealing registered and other letters. He was appointed in March, 1893.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev K Boldt, pastor. Fourth Sunday in Advent: German service at 11 a m; English service at 7.30 p m. Sunday School at 3 p m. Seats free. A cordial welcome to all.

Services in St John's Church to-day, fourth Sunday in Advent, by the rector, Rev Dr Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 a m and 4.30 p m. Sunday School 3.30 p m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p m, conducted by Rev Dr Carmichael. All seafaring and rivermen most cordially invited to attend.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, Rev. James W. Kramer, pastor. Subject—11 a m, "The Emancipator's Friend;" 7.30 p m, "What shall I do with Jesus, who is called the Christ."

St James' (4th Sunday in Advent), 7.45 a m, the Holy Communion; 11 a m morning prayer, sermon, ante-communion; 5 p m evening prayer; Sunday school at 3.45 p m. Strangers cordially invited.

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner, rector; services to-day (4th Sunday in Advent) at 11 a m and 7.30 p m; Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Service Christmas Day at 11 a m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

St John Baptist Church, Tenth and Dawson streets. Services to-day as follows: Sunrise meeting and preaching by Rev Jos Dudley; 11 a m preaching by Rev S King, pastor; 8 p m, Rev A J Crews; 8 p m, Apostolic Association meeting.

Services at Chestnut Street Presbyterian Church 11 a m, Subject, "A Saviour Born." Sabbath school at 3 p m. Preaching at 7.30 p m. All welcome. J A Bonner.

Preaching to-day at Ebenezer Baptist church. Installation sermon at 11 o'clock a m, 3 p m and 9.40 p m. Everyone is welcome. Dr C P Johnson, pastor.

There will be preaching at the First Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Campbell streets, to-day at 11 a m, Sabbath School at 1 p m, preaching at 3 p m and 7.30 p m. Subject, A Visitor Among the Poor. Strangers and friends welcome. Joseph Spelle, pastor.

Shiloh Baptist Church, corner Walnut and McRae streets, P F Maloy pastor. Sunday services as follows: Preaching 11 a m by Rev G I Moore of Fayetteville, Sunday School 12.30 p m, preaching 8 p m by Dr Moore, Endeavor Society 4.30 p m, preaching 8 p m by Dr Moore of Fayetteville. Visitors and strangers welcome.

The Downfall of the Turk Brings the Resurrection of the Dead.

[PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.]

"The Eastern Question In The Light of Prophecy" will be the subject of Elder J. P. King at the Advent Church to-night. Services will begin at 7.30 o'clock. The Turkish problem for many decades has been an all-absorbing question with the nations. Napoleon, full alive to the serious consequences of its dismemberment, rejected the proffered alliance of Russia for that purpose, and in like manner all attempts by the nations for its dissolution—since its establishment in 1453 A. D. at Constantinople—have been abortive. In its contemplated apportionment by the nations, Constantinople and its proximitie have constituted the bone of contention, being Russia's only outlet to the Mediterranean; and by former occupancy her better right to ownership, she swears "the cross shall fly where the crescent now floats." England, on the contrary, deeming that the occupancy of Constantinople by so powerful a nation as Russia would be hazardous to her interests in the East—especially the Sues Canal by which England secures a short route to her storehouse—India—proposes to resist to the death Russian aggression. Mr. King proposes to show by the prophetic Word of God that the Turk, in his present condition is a prophetic people and that the propinquity of his downfall will synchronize with the resurrection of the dead, and the establishment of the world's Fifth Universal Monarchy which will be the Kingdom of God.

The deacons of the church request those who are interested to come early in order to secure seats.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—113 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,458 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 106 bbls rosin, 178 bbls tar, 19 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—955 bales cotton, 39 casks spirits turpentine, 535 bbls rosin, 108 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—394 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 166 bbls rosin, 39 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer D. Murchison—41 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 375 bbls rosin, 461 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,191 bales; spirits turpentine, 71 casks; rosin, 1,079 bbls; tar, 461 bbls; crude turpentine, 29 bbls.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Barque Morton S. Harriss.

The New York *Maritime Register* says:

Numerous attachments have been issued against the barque *Morton S. Harriss*, which recently arrived at Philadelphia from Port Morant, Ja., with a cargo of logwood. On Dec. 14 the crew caused the vessel's seizure for wages due and unpaid and the United States Marshal took possession of her on the writ. A previous attachment was served against her at the instance of Thos. Wissmore, a ship chandler, for a bill of supplies.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. dec 22 1t*

Wanted—Three Carpenters, by Peregoy Lumber Co. dec 22 1t

Reward will be paid for the return of Bicycle "Ideal" No. 19,417, to owner. J. F. Ruff, Jr., 7 North Front street. dec 22 1t

Removal—From and after this date I will have my residence at the Purcell House. J. F. Woolvin, Undertaker and Embalmer. dec 22 1m

Don't go to the high priced stores for your Christmas Candies. I will sell you fine fresh Candy at 20c pound. Also, Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, Cigars, Peanut Taffy 10 cents per pound, Chewing Gum Taffy 15 cts per pound, &c., for the holidays. I guarantee all I sell. Best goods at lowest prices. Andrew Mavronichols, Manufacturer, 705 North Fourth street. dec 7 1m su we

Chickens—Two hundred just received. A lot of nice Pork Hogs at 5 cents per pound delivered anywhere in the city. Also a few dressed Geese, Ilye Turkeys, Eggs, etc., at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, No. 3 South Water street. c21

"Welcome Week" will not come this year, but our extra fine Bananas in abundance, and a full line of fine large red Apples from the West, also, 150 crates of selected N. C. Mountain Apples, mixed Nuts, Raisins, Dates, &c., are already here for our Christmas trade. A. S. Winstead & Co., Wholesale Fruit and Produce Commission Merchants. dec 18 DAW tf

Christmas Groceries—Just received one of the best assortments of Christmas and Holiday Groceries in the city, which I can sell at Low Prices. Courteous clerks and drivers will wait on you at any hour in the day. Give me a call, and satisfaction is guaranteed. Chas. D. Jacobs, North Front street, near Mulberry. dec 10 tf

Christmas Photographs—Everybody please come and see my new display of Photographs. They are up to date in every respect. New scenery arrived. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 8 tf

The public is invited to inspect the windows of Mr. A. P. Levy, proprietor of the French Cafe, as he has prepared a Thanksgiving Novelty and Treat. All customers are invited to call in and see his display, at 115 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

Telephone 161. For best quality of Wood and Coal delivered any where in the city call up Telephone 161. John H. Whiteman & Son. nov 7 1m

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF WILMINGTON AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person to ride a bicycle on any of the streets of the City of Wilmington, N. C., between the hours of dark and daylight unless such person or rider shall have a lighted lamp or lantern affixed to said bicycle so as to give the light in front of such bicycle.

SEC. 2. Any person violating the above section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence shall be subjected to a fine not exceeding five dollars or imprisonment not exceeding ten days in the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 3. This ordinance shall not be construed to repeal any ordinance heretofore passed prohibiting any person from riding on sidewalks of the streets of the City of Wilmington.

Ratified Oct. 25th, 1895.

ARTICLE 13—SUB DIVISION 1.

SEC. 5. No person shall place in any street or alley, nor upon any sidewalk, any boxes, casks, crates, or other obstructions. Provided, however, that building material, earth, and other obstructions of like character may, by permission of the Mayor, in writing, be allowed, under such restrictions as he may impose, and every person having obtained such permission shall remove the same when notified by the Mayor so to do. Every person offending against this provision shall be fined Twenty five Dollars for each and every offence, and a like sum for each and every day that such obstructions are permitted to remain. And all persons placing any obstructions aforesaid, whether with or without permission, shall be liable for all damages or injury occasioned thereby. Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from loading or unloading any wagon, cart or dray, at house, warehouse or store.

Ratified July 1st, 1895. dec 22 1t

SPECIAL BARGAINS

For the Holidays.

180 pair Ladies' Pat. Leather Tip Button Boots, C. D. and E. Last, at $1.25, worth $1.75.

60 pair Gents' Tan Slippers $1.00.

120 pair Gents' Tan Toilet Slippers at $1.30, worth $1.75.

72 pair Patent Leather Oxfords at $1.00.

60 pair Ladies' Velvet Slippers at $1.25.

Also Ladies' Fur Top Nullifiers at $1.50, at

Geo. R. French & Sons.
dec 18 tf

NOTICE!

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CITY ORdinance prohibiting the firing of Canton Crackers or other Fireworks will be inoperative from the 24th day of December to the 1st day of January, 1896, inclusive. Provided, however, that no Firecrackers of any kind shall be discharged in the city west of Front street. The discharge of firearms within the city limits is strictly prohibited.

W. N. HARRISS,
dec 22 1t Mayor.

They Say

A "GREEN CHRISTMAS MAKES A FAT Graveyard."

Buy Your Medicines
FROM
JAMES D. NUTT,
THE DRUGGIST,

And you won't have to bother with any graveyards.
dec 22 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

It Is Strange

How Easily Some People are Fooled Out of Their Hard Earned Money.

We don't think it right to advertise that we are going to sell you goods at a reduced price for cash and then not do it. During the past week this has been our experience. Customers have come in and bought of us and then tell us that we are selling cheaper than some of those *great big establishments* who claim to sell *cheap for cash*, but don't practice what they preach. Trade is coming our way and we are striving to take care of it. Don't fail to look at our

China Tables
AND OUR SHOW CASES FULL OF THINGS SUITABLE FOR
XMAS PRESENTS.

Remember bargains in

Oil, Coal and Wood Heaters,
COAL VASES

and other winter comforts. We are not afraid to compare prices with any establishment in the city.

Alderman Hardware Co.,
29 South Front Street.
dec 15 tf

For Sale,

2,600 ACRES LAND,
WELL ADAPTED FOR
Farming,

situate about ten miles from Chadbourn, N. C., and about one mile from the Wilmington & Conway Railroad.

Possession given at once. Terms reasonable. Apply to

12 Market Street,
dec 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of foreclosure at September Term, 1895, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in an action therein pending, where in John L. Wescott is plaintiff, and W. B. McKoy and R. H. McKoy are defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1896, at 12 o'clock m., the following two parcels of land in the said city of Wilmington; 1st Tract—Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street, between Front and Second streets, bounded westwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jean DuBois, eastwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jacob Trout, northwardly by Toomer's Alley, and southwardly by said Market street, measuring 20 feet front on Market street, and running back 138 feet to Toomer's Alley, and particularly described in a deed from Nathaniel Hill to James Owen, recorded in Book "X," page 370 of the Records of New Hanover county.

2nd Tract—Beginning at the northwest intersection of Market and Front streets, running thence northwardly, with the line of Front street, 40 feet, to Augustus Leaman's line, thence westwardly 15 feet, to the line of William A. Wright and Thomas H. Wright, thence southwardly 40 feet to Market street, and thence eastwardly to the beginning.

E. K. BRYAN,
dec 18 30t Commissioner.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of foreclosure at April Term, A. D., 1895, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in an action therein pending, wherein John L. Wescott is plaintiff, and W. B. McKoy, Katherine B. McKoy, and John D Bellamy, Jr., Trustee, are defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said decree, will sell at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1896, at 12 o'clock m., the following parcel of land in the said city of Wilmington: Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street, between Front and Second streets, bounded westwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jean DuBois, eastwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jacob Trout, northwardly by Toomer's Alley, and southwardly by said Market street, measuring 20 feet front on Market street, and running back 138 feet to Toomer's Alley, and particularly described in a deed from Nathaniel Hill to James Owen, recorded in Book "X," page 370 of the Records of New Hanover county.

E. K. B